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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.
ESTABLISHED IN 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.
Office---North Carolinian Bld'g, Main St.
One door east of Albemarle House.
Terms, $1.50 a Year, in Advance.
If not paid in advance $2.00 will be charged.
RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square, one insertion, $1.00; two insertions, $1.50; one month, $2.00; three months, $4.00; six months, $8.00; one year, $12.00.
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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

VOLUME XXIII. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1892. NUMBER 39.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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The Florida orange has so far supplanted those from the Mediterranean that they will be shipped directly from Florida to Europe. In the Liverpool (England) market they bring nearly double the price of other oranges.

Librarian Spofford of the Congressional Library at Washington points out a curious error in the Encyclopædia Britannica, which, confounding state legislation in Virginia with national enactments, states that the United States Congress passed seventy acts authorizing lotteries.

The study of the Hebrew language is increasing in this country, asserts the Chicago Herald, not only among the believers in Judaism, but among Christians. Rabbi Schwartzberg says that an acquaintance with it is indispensable to scholars, that it is easily learned, and that it conveys a vast deal of knowledge in almost all the branches of science.

Since 1821, when Mexicans rid themselves of Spanish rule, they have had, according to the New York Herald, three regencies, two emperors, Iturbide and Maximilian; one provisional government, 26 federal presidents, 10 centralist presidents, 10 dictators, 10 constitutional presidents and six conservative presidents. Sixty-eight new governments in 70 years, one almost for every year!

Since Dom Pedro's death the most interesting of the "Kings in exile" in Europe, observes Harper's Weekly, is ex-King Francis of Spain. In every way he is quite unlike the Brazilian monarch, for he is so small in stature that he seems almost to be a dwarf, and he is not noted for any nobility of mind. He lives at Epinay, apart from his wife, ex-Queen Isabella, who occupies a handsome mansion near the Arc de Triomphe. Francis is said to be one of the meanest of men, while Isabella, despite all her faults and the stains on her character, is popular in Paris, because of her hospitality and kindness of heart.

By the latest enumerations it is found that in all civilized lands the female element is gaining in a notable way upon the other. In the past decade in Great Britan the female increase has been 200,000 in excess of the male. It has been an era of peace, too. No wars have cut any figure in killing off the men. There are 900,000 more females than males in that country. The excess in Germany reaches a million, and the proportion is about the same in Austria-Hungary, Sweden and Norway and other Europen countries that afford the data. In the United States the average is still somewhat in favor of the males, owing to the immigration of that element; but in the older portions of the country the inequality is the other way, as in Europe. In New England and most of the Atlantic states the males are in a large minority. This will be the general fact in this country in no remote period, even if there are no destructive wars. This excess of females is not peculiar to modern times, nor can it be entirely accounted for by the greater exposure of the men to fatal disasters. When nature is interrogated there is no other response than reference to the obvious fact.

Says the Omaha (Neb.) Bee:—"Nebraska and Kansas are deeply interested in the arid lands problem. Should the project of conveying these lands absolutely to the states be carried out these two states may be seriously affected. All our water-courses of any consequence rise in Wyoming and Colorado. If these latter states are given absolute control of the irrigation question as it applies to the arid lands of those states, they will have it in their power to deprive us absolutely of the water which now courses across the state in the Republican, Platte and Niobra a rivers. They may choose to store it, and so prevent us from obtaining any benefit from the sources in the mountains. The people of Colorado have already taken possession of the head waters of the South Platte, and at times that stream is dry. In Colorado and Wyoming are the watersheds of this country. It is not surprising that they should be enthusiastically in favor of state ownership of the arid lands and state regulation of the question of irrigation. With such authority they could readily develop every fertile acre within their boundaries, but in doing so they might impoverish Western Kansas, Western Nebraska, part of South Dakota, all of New Mexico, and parts of Utah, Idaho and Arizona. The danger is not so great to the last three sections, but so far as the western portions of Kansas and Nebraska are concerned the two states hold the key to the situation and they might make it impossible to farm in New Mexico. The fact is, that the proposition to convey the arid lands of the West to the several states involves questions of the utmost importance to the states immediately adjacent to the states and territories ordinarily included in the 'arid belt.'"

The Light of Life.

Two little children whispered love
Beside a quiet stream,
The sunlight played about their forms
In many a golden gleam.
"And this," I thought, "is innocence,
Love's purest, sweetest dream."

A lover and a maiden sat
Beside the running river,
He whispered vows of endless love
That nought but Death should sever.
And this," I thought, "is Love that lives
A day. Then dies forever."

An aged couple o'er the sand
Their footsteps slowly wending,
Two shadows on the ocean strand
In perfect twilight blending.
"And this," I thought, "is Love, indeed
That lives when Life is ending."
—Arthur J. Lamb, in Once A Week.

KATTY'S PARTY.

BY HELEN FORREST GRAVES.

"Katty, what are you thinking of?" said Mr. Dilkes, brusquely. "Fire ll out! Lamp not lighted!"

He had come in from the barnyard with two foaming pails of milk and a liberal powdering of snow on his fur cap and heavy beard, and as he set the pails down on the buttery table, Kathleen sprang up and lighted the squatty kerosene lamp, and raked the broken logs together, so that a vivid blaze rushed up the old chimney throat.

"Have you got the butter all printed?" said he. "And the poultry packed, and the eggs laid down? I shall have to make an early start tomorrow morning, and there's every prospect of a snow blizzard."

"It's all ready," said Kathleen, sombrely.

Mr. Dilkes turned short around and looked at her.

"Eh? What's the matter?" said he.

"They're not going to invite me to the party at Griggett's!" the girl answered.

"They ain't, eh? Why not? I guess you're as good-lookin' as any of 'em, and as good, too!"

"I couldn't help overhearing Mally Griggett and Josie Kirke talking about it when I went after the mail tonight," said Kathleen. "They had just got their letters, and I was waiting for a chance to get near the mail window, and there was a pile of drygoods boxes between me and them. Mally said why wasn't I asked? and Josie said because I never returned any of the neighborhood parties. It was all take, she said, with Kathleen Dilkes, and no give. And it was quite true, uncle."

Mr. Dilkes moved uneasily in his chair.

"We ain't party-givin' folks," said he.

"Then I oughtn't to go to parties," retorted Kathleen. "And I don't see that I shall any more. Nobody will ask me."

"Well, I wouldn't mind," soothed Mr. Dilkes. "It's all folly and nonsense, anyhow."

Kathleen's lovely blue eyes flashed.

"I don't think it's folly and nonsense," said she. "I want to go. All the young people but me are going, and I'm tired of drudging and working the whole time without a bit of fun."

Mr. Dilkes was silent. He tipped his feet against an uneven brick in the hearth and stared at the fire.

Kathleen came closer to him.

"Uncle," said she, "can't I have a Twelfth-Night party?"

"Nonsense!" growled the old man.

"It wouldn't cost much!" pleaded Kathleen. "I'd make all the cake myself, and I've saved enough out of my share of the chicken money to buy sugar and lemons. And my dress needn't cost anything. I could trim over my white bunting, with a little new ribbon. May I have a Twelfth-Night party, uncle?"

Mr. Dilkes rose suddenly to his feet.

"No," said he, "you can't! And there's an end of it!"

Kathleen said no more. She was used to her uncle's moods, and knew that there was no use in striving against them.

But half that wild, stormy winter night she sobbed silently on her pillow and rebelled against fate.

Early in the gray, frozen daybreak Mr. Dilkes rose, ate the hot breakfast of sausages and coffee and fried potatoes that Kathleen had ready for him, and started off for Cone City in his red cutter, snugly lined with buffalo robes and packed close with the produce of his farm.

He had scarcely been gone an hour, when an unexpected guset arrived at the house—Miss Dorothy Purple—a friend of Kathleen's dead mother and a distant cousin of herself.

"Oh, Miss Dorothy!" cried the girl.

And to her faithful bosom she confided all her troubles.

It was so nice to have some one to talk to!

"But this won't do," said Miss Dorothy Purple, viewing the well-shod toes of her pretty feet as she warmed them at the fire. "You can't be shut up here like a lark in its cage. You must go out like other people. I don't wonder they have left off asking you. You must give little companies, too. Otherwise you'll be left like me—an old maid."

And Miss Purple's bright black eyes sparkled merrily.

"I'll talk to your uncle about it when he gets home," said she.

"It won't be of any use!" sighed Kathleen.

At noon, however, the depot boy came plunging through the drifts with a telegram.

Mr. Dilkes had heard from his brother in Pennsylvania, who had had some sort of accident. He had decided to go directly to him for a few days.

"Katty," said Miss Dorothy Purple, waving a very pretty pocket handkerchief above her head, "this is providential interposition."

"What?" cried Kathleen.

"We'll have the Twelfth-Night party now," said Miss Purple. "Write your invitations at once. Send 'em by the depot boy. Don't you see there's no time to be lost? I'll help you with the cake and coffee, and I know a grand recipe for ice-cream."

"Ice cream!" gasped Kathleen.

"Why not?" said Miss Purple, with a bird-like tip of her head. "There's plenty of ice and snow outside, and plenty of cream in your milk-room. We can have kisses and mottoes, too. I know how to make 'em; and I shall want a lot of spruce and hemlock boughs to decorate the rooms!"

"I can git 'em for ye!" said the depot boy, displaying teeth enough for an ocelot.

And as soon as Kathleen had caught her breath, the proceedings began in good earnest.

"What will Uncle Dilkes say?" cried Kathleen, as they stood ready on Twelfth Night, all dressed, with the supper table spread in the big kitchen, temporarily transformed into a bower of evergreens, and the big parlor denuded of its carpet and bedecked with wreaths of princess pine and clusters of scarlet hollyberries, while "Black Jack Blackman," with his fiddle, and little Billy Nickham, with his clarionet, sat waiting for the arrival of the first guest.

"O, I don't care what he says!" said Miss Dorothy, audaciously. "You don't happen to know, do you, child, that twenty years ago, before you had opened those big blue eyes of yours on the wickedness of this world, he used to be a beau of mine?"

"A—beau of yours! Uncle Dilkes! Why didn't he marry you?" questioned Kathleen.

"He didn't quite ask me, Katty. You see, in those days, before my blessed father went into Mexican silver mine speculations, I was Miss Purple of Purple Hall, and he was a poor young farmer. He didn't like to be thought a fortune hunter, I suppose. Well, times have changed. I'm poorer; he is richer; and we are both wiser; I only tell the story to prove to you that I'm not in any way afraid of Harmon Dilkes. There comes a sleigh full of people."

The Twelfth-Night party was a brilliant success. The ice cream was a surprise; the snow-mountain of a cake developed a series of the most astonishing effects; the mottoes made no end of fun, and the dancing held out until long after midnight.

Suddenly in the midst of a wild Virginia reel, the door opened. Mr. Dilkes stood there, fur capped and collared, like Santa Claus in a tableau.

Black Jack sawed the fiddle strings with his bow. Little Dick puffed his cheeks out over the clarionet like one of Raphael's cherubs; the dancers flew by, and only Miss Purple saw the snow-strewn vision.

She closed the hall door, and met Santa Claus face to face.

"Harmon!" she uttered, gently.

"Why—Dorothy Purple!"

"Exactly," said the little old maid. "I've come to visit you. Kathleen has made a party in my honor. If you find a word of fault, I'll leave the house tonight."

"I! Fault! Dorothy," breathlessly cried the farmer, "if you were the queen I couldn't feel more honored. I—I— Oh, Dorothy!"

She laughed a little hysterically.

"Then you haven't quite forgotten me?"

"Look here, Dorothy—you ain't a rich grandee no longer. I ain't afraid to speak my mind to you, as I once was. But you're just as pretty as ever. Dorothy, Dorothy! what's to prevent your stayin' here for good and all?" His breath came rapidly, his eyes sparkled. "Say yes, Dorothy! I've been in love with you all these years. I'll be a good husband to you if—"

Dorothy Purple caught his hand gaily.

"Come," she cried, "dance down the Virginia reel with me as you used to do!"

"If you'll say yes, Dorothy."

"Yes!" she cried, in a sort of exaltation. "Quick, Harmon—the music waits!"

And the eyes of the whole country-side were amused by the unwonted spectacle of old Harmon Dilkes swinging down the Virginia reel hand in hand with Miss Dorothy Purple.

Kathleen looked on astounded. Black Jack nearly dropped his fiddle-bow. But the old man was fleetest and nimblest of the lot, and when at last the music stopped, he turned in front of the big fireplace and faced them all.

"Friends," he cried, breathlessly, "I'm glad to see you every one, and I hope this is only the beginning of a lot o' good times! Don't go yet. I've got something to tell you. I'm going to be married to this lady here," holding tightly on to Miss Dorothy Purple's hand, "and I want you all to come and dance at my wedding this day month. No, Dorothy, it ain't no use demonstrating. And if any of the rest of you have any notion that way, I'd advise you to speak it out this merry Twelfth Night. Matrimony 's sort of in the air just at this season."

"If that's the case," said Young Manly, the squire's son, stepping boldly to the front, "I'd like to give notice that Kathleen has half promised tonight to be my wife."

"And I've come to terms with Josephine Kirk," cried John Jocelyn, waving his hat. "One weddin' makes many. Three cheers for Mr. Dilkes and Miss Dorothy Purple!"

"Well, Katty," said Miss Purple, when the last chime of sleigh bells had gone joyously away from the door, "your uncle didn't scold you after all."

"Scold!" beamed the old man. "I am too happy ever to scold any one again. I tell you what, Katty, you may think that young Manly fellow is very fine, but there ain't no young chap in a radius of twenty miles from here as is half as well pleased as I be tonight. Come here, Dorothy. I've got Katty in one arm, now I want you in t'other."

Dorothy came with promptitude and snugged up to his butternut-colored left side with eyes full of happy laughter.

"But there's one thing you're going to be disappointed about, Harmon," said she.

"Eh?"

"I'm an old maid," said Dorothy, "but I'm not a poor one. We had lost our property when we sold Purple Hall and went away from here. But father built his fortunes up anew out West. I can bring you twenty thousand dollars for a marriage portion."

"I don't care," said Dilkes, "if it was twice as much, I couldn't love you no dearer. Money ain't no drawback to me."

"Why, uncle," laughed Kathleen, "that ain't the way other people talk!"

"I never was like other folks," said Farmer Dilkes.—[Saturday Night.

Sure Profits for the Banker.

"You ought to come up into our part of the state," said a tall countryman over the bank counter the other day to the cashier.

"Where's that?" inquired the cashier.

"Up in the upper peninsula of Michigan."

"What have you got that's interesting?"

"Got people that'll make more money in ten minutes doing banking their way than you'll make your way in ten years."

"How do they do it?"

"Discountin'."

"We make something in that line ourselves."

"Yes, I s'pose so, but not like them. By criminy," he went on, emphatically. "I had a note for $150 the other day I wanted discounted and I took it to one of them shavers and after he had figgered about ten minutes I owed him $1.37."

"How did he make that out?" inquired the puzzled cashier.

"That's what I said to him and he told me that according to his way of calculating the discount on a note like that, the whole thing would amount to $151.37 and he was willing to take the note if I'd pay the balance in cash. You ain't got any bankin' like that here, have you?" and the cashier hastened to assure him that city bankers didn't do business that way.—[Chicago News.

Relative Strength of Men and Women.

A French experimenter has tested the strength of fifty robust men and fifty healthy women, all of the middle class of society and between twenty-five and forty-five years of age. He used an apparatus recording the greatest downward pressure with the palm of the hand. The strongest man was able to give with the right hand a pressure equivalent to 187 pounds, and the weakest one of eighty-eight pounds. The short men were nearly as strong as the tall, the average difference being less than seven pounds. The force exerted by the strongest woman was only ninety-seven pounds, and that by the weakest was but thirty-five pounds, while the average was seventy-two pounds.—[Trenton (N. J.) American.

Uncle—What is your favorite dish, Karlchen? Karlchen — Suet dumplings; for they always make me so ill that I can't go to school the day after.

ANIMAL PARASITES.

They Cause an Annual Loss of Millions to Farmers.

Important Investigation by the Department of Agriculture.

A recent discovery to the effect that the trichinæ of pork, which caused the American hog to be shut out of Europe so long, are from rats has given new impetus to the pursuit of a line of investigation which has been claiming the attention of the United States Government. Dr. Leuckhart, the great Leipsic professor, who made the discovery, ascertained by the dissection of rats that 40 per cent of them were infected by trichinæ. Rats are cannibals. They eat their own offspring and each other, and spread the infection. Whether they ever die of trichinosis is not known, although it makes them lame sometimes. Pigs devour them and contract the complaint. Human beings in their turn eat the pigs, and the trichinæ develop, with fatal results frequently. The disease is reckoned the most deadly known, inasmuch as it kills in 60 per cent. of all cases. Among the animals attacked by it are cats, dogs, horses, bears and rabbits, although how they get the parasites is uncertain.

The Department of Agriculture is at present giving earnest attention to the study of animal parasites, with a view of finding out methods for fighting against some of them which cause a loss of many millions of dollars yearly to farmers. It has made a big discovery recently in relation to the fatal disease of cattle called Texas fever, which is caused by a minute animal called a protozoon, that feed on the red corpuscles in the blood and destroys them. Recent developments of knowledge reveal the protozoa as producers of morbid complaints. It has been ascertained that the cause of malaria is a protozoon which feeds on the blood corpuscles and another microscopic foe of like description is responsible for certain forms of dysentery. Undoubtedly many disorders not now understood will eventually be referred to a similar origin.

The department is trying to discover means for combatting another parasite which causes a loss of nearly $3,500,000 a year in cattle slaughtered in Chicago. It is the dreaded heel fly, which lays its eggs on the backs of the animals, the worms hatched from them boring through the skin and remaining buried for several months in the flesh. On emerging they fall to the ground and form the chrysalis condition, come out as perfect flies, ready to lay their eggs on the backs of other cattle, that being their only method of reproduction. If a hide at the market has more than five holes made by the worms it is rated as of second quality, and the meat sells for one cent less a pound in gross.

Another insect, known in the West as the gadfly, attacks horses, laying its eggs on the animals. The horse licks itself and conveys the eggs to its stomach, where they are hatched, the worms clinging to the stomach walls. Very often they bore through the stomach and kill the horse. A parasitic worm known as the liver fluke attaches itself during a certain stage of its being to the liver and lungs of cattle. During its early growth it goes through a series of astonishing metamorphoses, developing a new self inside of its old self in a different shape several times. Finally it leaves the body of the beast, and what becomes of it is not known precisely; but there is no doubt that it is transformed into a species of snail that lives in wet places. It certainly must lay its eggs in such spots, where the cattle lick them up, thus completing the cycle of its being.

Only a beginning has been made by this Government in the work of fighting the parasites of animals. By always condemning the pigs which are infected with trichinæ the disease will be rendered less common. Heel flies and gadflies are combatted successfully and destroyed by spreading tar ointment over the bodies of the beasts attacked. In its labors the Bureau of Animal Industry of the Department of Agriculture devotes its attention first to studying the life history of each parasite, in order to find out at what stage of its existence the enemy can be attacked to the best advantage. Having procured a full knowledge of the habits and manner of existence of the adversary, it is comparatively easy to interfere with its operations.—[New York Sun.

A Very Fine Legal Point.

"They say judges are always on the side of justice," remarked Squire Johnson this morning, "but I fail to see it. Do you know what they did to me once? I found a grocer guilty of selling oleomargarine, contrary to law, and my decision was reversed, simply because in the warrant for his arrest I said butter was made of 'milk and cream' instead of 'milk and cream.' There is hair splitting for you. He was a United States judge, too."—[Cincinnati Times-Star.

How Old is the Potato?

The potato was introduced into Europe from the Western hemisphere. History has it that Christopher Columbus was the first European who ever tasted a potato. It is doubtful if he ever enjoyed eating our favorite tuber. At all events the vegetable that he ate at Cuba in 1492 and brought home to Genoa was a sweet potato. The first potato grown east of the Atlantic ocean was planted by Claudius in the botanical gardens of Vienna in 1588. As is well known, Sir Walter Raleigh found the potato in Virginia, and took specimens back to England. The original home of the popular tuber is Chili. It was brought north by the Spaniards.

For many years the potato in England was looked upon as being poisonous and unwholesome. This perhaps is not to be wondered at, as it was commonly eaten raw, the method of cooking it not being known. A committee of the Royal Society urged in 1653 that all the fellows who possessed land should "plant potatoes and persuade their friends to do the same, in order to alleviate the distress that would accompany a scarcity of food." In 1738 the first field of potatoes was planted in the lowlands of Scotland.

As soon as the people of Ireland knew how to cook the potato it quickly became the one leading vegetable of the land. Its cheapness of cultivation, large yields and nutritive qualities made it become immensely popular, and as it was the chief article of food it ere long obtained its present common name—Irish potato. It is not only of value as a food plant; the Irish were the first to discover that whiskey could be made from it. Starch is made from it for the laundry and for the manufacture of farina. The dried pulp from which the starch has been extracted is used for making boxes. From the stem and leaves a narcotic is extracted. In some places cakes and puddings are made from the potato flour.—[New York Herald.

Timber in the Northwest.

The great timber resources of the Pacific Northwest can scarcely be realized by those who have not visited the immense forests of the giant trees growing so close together in many places that it is almost impossible to travel through the woods. Twenty million acres of land are covered with a growth of wood which will cut an average of 25,000 feet of lumber to the acre. Much of it will cut an average of 100,000 feet or more, while single trees are common that will cut 3000 feet each. The Port Townsend (Washington) Leader estimates the quantity of merahantable lumber standing in the forests of Washington at 160,000,000,000 feet—sufficient to supply all the markets of America for generations, and yet send fleets laden with ship timbers to every part of the civilized world. Oregon, in the coast and cascade ranges, and in the counties along the ocean from the California River to the California line, has as much more timber, and these two great sister states, unless devasted by forest fires, will never run short of building material.—[Chicago Times.

A Burglar's Invention.

The key chain worn by many gentlemen is the invention of a noted burglar, who spent many years of his life in a dungeon cell for plying his vocation in hotels. While at work one stormy night trying to turn the lock of a Philadelphia hotel door the false key dropped in the snow, and while searching for it a watchman came along and locked the burglar up and had him sent to Moyamensing. Having some ingenuity, he thought of having keys fastened to a chain so that when a limb of the law appeared he could fly without a thought about the keys, and found that it worked like a charm. He has now seen the error of his ways, and lives comfortably on a royalty from the manufacturers.—[New York Telegram.

The Quack, the Bear and the Earthquake.

A quack named Amano Sukyemon, residing at Iwaicho, Nagoya, Japan, has been doing a trade in bear's grease, which was used for medicinal purposes, and to advertise his nostrum had a bear in a cage with which to attract custom. The bear, becoming alarmed at the confusion consequent on the recent earthquake, broke out of his cage, and in spite of the efforts of the quack to pacify him, ran through the streets, killing and wounding all the dogs that came in his way. An old woman who did not notice his approach was also severely bitten. The bear was finally killed with spears.—[Chicago Post.

Over a Back Fence.

Neighbor Woman—Your dog was chasin' our chickens this mornin', an' I jest wan' you to understand that's got to stop right now.

Mrs. Mild—I did not see the dog out of our yard.

Neighbor Woman—He wasn't. The chickens was in your yard.—[Good News.

FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

33D DAY.—The Public Printing bill was passed——An investigation of the admission of typhus fever immigrants at New York was ordered——Mr. Casey introduced a bill to fix the fees on domestic money orders as follows: For orders not exceeding $5, three cents; $5 and not exceeding $10, eight cents; between $10 and $25, ten cents; between $25 and $40, fifteen cents, and amounts exceeding $40 in proportion——Mr. Hale reported the Urgent Deficiency bill.

34TH DAY.—Mr. Sherman's credentials on his election to a sixth term were laid before the Senate by the Vice-President and filed ——The Urgent Deficiency bill was passed ——The case of Dubois and Claggett was reported favorably to the former——Mr. Hiscock introduced bills to provide for the sale of Navy Yard lands in Brooklyn and appropriating $18,000 to complete the monument commemorating the surrender of General Burgoyne at Saratoga, N. Y.

35TH DAY.—The Senate passed the resolution to return to Mexico the captured battle flags now in the museum at West Point——The Dubois-Claggett contest was discussed——Mr. Morrill reported a bill directing the Secretary of the Treasury to admit free of duty the wreckage from the ships Trenton and Vandalia, presented by the United States Government to the King of Samoa, and to refund the sum of $7128, being the amount of duties paid thereon to the Collector at San Francisco, and it was passed.

36TH DAY.—Mr. Palmer discussed the popular election of Senators——Mr. Chilton introduced a joint resolution to amend the Constitution so as to provide for biennial sessions of Congress, and it was laid on the table for the present——Mr. Proctor introduced a joint resolution providing for a constitutional amendment so that the President shall hold his office for one term of six years, and shall not be eligible for re-election. Laid on the table for the present——Eulogies were given on the late Senator Plumb, of Kansas.

In the House.

35TH DAY.—The Speaker announced the following special committee to investigate the Pension Bureau: Mr. Wheeler, of Michigan; Little, of New York; Dungan, of Ohio; Lind, of Minnesota, and Brosius, of Pennsylvania——The House Committee on Indian Affairs reported that $7,236,287 would be sufficient for the needs of the Indian service for the fiscal year of 1893——Mr. Stahlnecker introduced a bill to levy an internal revenue tax of $10 per thousand on all paper-wrapped cigarettes——Mr. Otis introduced a resolution prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors upon the grounds of the Columbian Exposition, and providing that the Exposition shall be closed one day in seven——On motion a bill was passed allowing the Board of Managers of the National Soldiers' Home to appoint as its officers soldiers without regard to rank——The bill to amend the international revenue laws, by abolishing the minimum punishment, was passed, and the House adjourned.

36TH DAY.—The House was called to order by Clerk Kerr, who read a communication from the Speaker designating Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, as Speaker pro tem. Speaker Crisp's absence was in obedience to his physician's advice——An inquiry into the effect of the McKinley Tariff act upon agriculture was ordered——The minority report on the Bland Free Coinage bill was presented——The Springer Free Wool bill has been favorably reported by the whole Committee on Ways and Means. It also reported a bill to place cotton bagging and cotton ties on the free list, and machinery used in the manufacture of cotton bagging.

37TH DAY.—Speaker Crisp was at his post evidently none the worst for his temporary indisposition——The House passed a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for a statement showing collections and disbursements, on account of the disbursements regulating immigration at all points in the United States from July, 1889, to December, 1891——Dockery (Mo.), Compton (Md.), Breckinridge (Ark.), Henderson (Iowa), and Coggswell (Mass.) were designated as the special House Committee for the World's Fair inquiry——Mr. Wise called up the bill authorizing railroad companies to grant reduced rates to commercial travelers. It went over——Mr. Tucker reported a joint resolution, proposing a Constitutional amendment for the election of Senators by the people of the several States. Referred to the calendar.

38TH DAY.—The Indian Appropriations bill was considered——On motion of Mr. Enloe a resolution was adopted calling on the Postmaster-General for information relative to contracts made under the Mail Subsidy Act.

39TH DAY.—Speaker Crisp called the House to order, but immediately after the delivery of the prayer resigned the gavel to Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee——The President's message relative to the Choctaw and Chickasaw claims was laid before the House ——Secretary Foster sent an explanation of his course in continuing bonds——The Indian Appropriation bill was discussed.

FREE COINAGE.

The Minority Report Against the Passage of the Bland Bill.

The report just filed in Washington of the minority members of the House Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures against the passage of the Bland Free Coinage bill is signed by Messrs. Tracy, of New York; Taylor, of Illinois; Stone, of Pennsylvania; Williams, of Massachusetts, and Johnson, of North Dakota. The minority review the silver question, protest vigorously against the Bland bill, and recommend the passage of a measure authorizing the President to invite an international monetary conference.

The report says that the first eight lines of the Bland bill develop its true purpose. They provide for two different dollars and a compulsion upon the citizen to receive either in payment of debts due him.

"It does not require any knowledge of monetary or financial views," the report says, "to demonstrate that the compulsion of the legaltender power must force upon the creditor a cheaper and debased dollar. Few debtors will pay 100 cents to discharge their obligations when seventy cents will suffice in law. This bill converts all existing Government paper into paper which may be paid in silver, and leaves no paper which must be paid in gold."

The minority say that the only escape from a single silver dollar standard under the Bland bill is an immediate and permanent elevation of the price of silver bullion to the price represented by the ratio of sixteen to one between silver and gold. This price, it is said, is $1.29¼ per ounce. The minority argues that the Bland bill will bring silver from foreign countries. The United States, it says, is the only source of supply to Europe, and our gold, by virtue of the bill, becomes available to take the place of unstable silver.

Silver coming from abroad would, it is held, destroy the gold standard. After arguing that legislation has failed to raise the price of silver, the minority comment on the effect of a silver standard as follows:

"The adoption of a single standard, then, would place the dollar unit at once at the mercy of the silver bullion market, and obligations now outstanding, incurred upon the gold basis, would be payable in a depreciated silver dollar worth only what the world should think it to be worth at a given point of time. Thus to depreciate our standard of payments is clearly partial repudiation and unqualifiedly dishonest and fraudulent."

As to the effect of the bill, the minority says that to depreciate by thirty or forty per cent. the value of savings banks securities, which it is claimed the bill will do, would rob millions of our industrious citizens of their hard-earned savings.

Depreciate the standard of the dollar and every pensioner of the country, every holder of a policy of insurance, every widow and orphan enjoying the proceeds of trust funds, will by so much suffer from this fraudulent reduction of the standard of the country. The revenues of the Government will be depreciated in like manner, and every dollar received in duties and other taxes will represent about two-thirds of the amount now fixed by law.

Appended to the report is a bill authorizing the President to invite an international monetary conference.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

CEYLON will conduct a tea-house on Midway Plaisance.

A PARADE, participated in by 24,000 bicyclists, may be a sight at the Exposition.

QUEEN MARGARET, of Italy, has promised to loan her famous collection of rare laces for exhibition at the Fair.

THE Governor of Dutch Guiana has appointed a commission of thirteen to superintend the exhibit which that colony will make at the Fair.

IOWA, in its exhibits at the Exposition, will show the various forms in which corn products are useful as food, and also the processes of their preparation.

THE Sultan of Turkey has consented to the erection on a mosque at the Exposition grounds for the religious services of Mohammadans who attend the Fair.

THE Pennsylvania coal operators want to construct a building entirely of anthracite coal at the Exposition, and to have 50,000 tons of best anthracite on exhibition.

REGULATIONS for exhibitors in the several Departments of the Exposition have been issued and can be obtained by all intending exhibitors by applying for them, either in person or by mail.

THE resources and industries of the State of Minas Geraes, Brazil, will be shown at an exhibition which opens at Ouro Prato, on June 15, 1892. The best of the exhibits will be brought to Chicago later.

IN the Washington State exhibit will be included a representation of the methods used by Makah Indians in catching salmon and other fish. The exhibit will include boats, lines, hooks, seines, harpoons, etc.

THE Rhode Island World's Fair Board contemplates having its Exposition building at Chicago combine the best architectural features of its State capitol at Providence, together with those of the old capitol building formerly occupied at Newport.

THE Horticultural Department of the Exposition is planning to have a magnificent rose garden in which will be fully 50,000 plants, besides large groups in special areas. The garden will be of classic design with temples, arbors, archways and trellises.

THE enormous steel trusses to sustain the roof of the Manufactures Building are about to be erected. These trusses are the largest ever made for architectural purposes. They span 368 feet and rise to a height of 211 feet. The contract for them calls for about $460,000.

THE Bureau of Music has issued letters of invitation to all of the important choral societies in the larger cities asking them to co-operate in forming the grand chorus of 2000 voices, which will render standard oratorios at the ceremonies dedicatory of the Exposition buildings.

THE Illinois State Exposition Board has set apart $40,000 as a special fund for the encouragement of live stock exhibits at the Fair. The fund is apportioned as follows: Horses, thirty-seven per cent.; cattle, thirty per cent.; hogs, fifteen per cent.; sheep, twelve per cent.; poultry, six per cent.

SOME Swiss painters, at Geneva, are painting a large panorama of the Bernese Alps, with the intention of bringing it to Chicago for the World's Fair. The panorama will measure 51 by 345 feet and cost $300,000. The sketches for the panorama were taken from the summit of the Mannlichen, 6000 feet high.

IT is now the intention to have in the Fisheries Building a restaurant devoted as far as possible to the exclusive serving of fish. Fish dinners, and fish, fresh and salt, served in every edible style, will be a popular feature, it is believed, and will give visitors an excellent opportunity to know the merits of fish as food.

A BERLIN dispatch states that Emperor William is greatly interested in Germany making a fine exhibit at the Exposition, and that he has personally urged Krupp, the noted gunmaker, and Schlutow, manager of the ship building works at Stettin, to exhibit the latest and best products of their vast industries.

H. GLOSTER ARMSTRONG, of London, is in Chicago, making application for space upon which to show a reproduction of the Tower of London, or rather the most interesting portions of it, such as the "White Tower," "Beauchamp Tower," "Tower Green," "Traitors' Gate," etc. He represents a company willing to expend $250,000 in the enterprise.

A DISPATCH states that a silversmith in Monterey, Mexico, is engaged on a work in silver when completed will be an exact reproduction of the Agricultural Building now being built on the Exposition grounds, Chicago. It will be eight feet wide, will contain a quantity of silver valued as bullion at $10,000, and when finished will be valued at $20,000.

A BRITISH woman's committee has been selected to superintend the representation of the work of English women at the Exposition, and to co-operate with the Board of Lady Managers. The committee has for its President Princess Christian, third daughter of Queen Victoria, and includes the Marchioness of Salisbury, Baroness Burdett-Coutts, Countess of Aberdeen, Lady Churchill and others.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

PERSIA owns but one vessel.

SMALLPOX is raging in Yokohama.

PHYSICIANS head the list of suicides.

THE deficit in the Spanish budget is $32,600.

CHICAGO water is so poor that they have to filter it.

CANADIANS caught $25,000,000 worth of fish last year.

HEAVY floods are devasting the northern part of Spain.

A NEW United States man-of-war is to be named "Marblehead."

RABBIT scourge in New South Wales is spreading at an alarming rate.

THE Bahama Islands are now connected with the American Continent by cable.

THE new coins bear the initial, a B, of their designer.

THE earthquakes in Japan are reported as continuing with much violence.

THERE were 2,450,000,000 cigarettes made and sold in this country last year.

HOLLAND has offered to buy a Portuguese possession in the Malay Archipelago.

THE New York Poultry Show included a fine lot of birds from England and Canada.

THE farmers of Huron County, Cal., have contracted with a Kansas rain company for rain for the season's crop.

THE United States Supreme Court denies the writ of mandamus to compel the Treasury to coin all silver presented.

CANADA has an available army of thirty-seven thousand men, the Australasian Colonies an aggregate force of thirty-four thousand, taking no account of the reserves of either.

A MINER named Latus, living at Mycloviz, in Prussian Silesia, has just awakened from a sleep that had lasted four months and a half. He was not aware of the long time he had been asleep.

THE Indian agent at Sacaton, in Pinal County, Arizona, the principal Indian agency of the Territory, says that 100 Pimas died in three weeks of grip. The epidemic is spreading through the Papagoes and other adjoining tribes. Whole villages have been depopulated.

SUN SPOTS.

A Big Spot Breaks Up Into Twenty Small Spots.

Observations made at the Naval Observatory at Washington by Professor Edgar Frisby showed that the large spot hitherto observed on the sun, which covered a space equal to one-sixteenth of the sun's surface, or an area of 140,000 miles long by 100,000 miles wide, has by some great cataclysmic operation been broken into about twenty small spots.

In addition to this, other spots have appeared, which are situated a vast distance from the original spot and are evidently totally independent from it. This new development on the sun's surface has attracted the attention of the astronomers at the observatory and will be closely observed by them.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

MASKS AND FACES.

"Shall we try to fool the people with a tariff mask this year, or shall we show them our real free trade face?" Such, says the New York *Prest*, is the dilemma that confronts the democrats. They won a Presidency with the aid of the "incidental protection" mask in 1884, and lost one by showing their real free trade face in 1888. The mask is associated with success, the real face with failure. Naturally the spoils element of the party, as represented by Hill, Brice and Gormon, prefer the mask. Cleveland, Mills and the Reform Club prefer the face.

A return to the mask dodge might be a successful possibility if the voters of the United States had all been born since 1884, But they were mostly born long enough before that date to have pretty good memories as to the events of that year. They remember how Cleveland obtained the Presidency by keeping his mouth shut and his feet planted on an "incidental protection" platform, instead of the disastrous "tariff for revenue only" platform of 1880. And they remember how he tore off the mask early in December, 1887, and exposed the party's unblushing face to the world; and how the country said about a year later: "If that's the way you look, goodby,"

The trouble is now that the public has already seen the party's old mask, and that it has also seen its real face. It can't be fooled a second time with that mask, and the party's real face hasn't grown any prettier with age. The proverbially ugly face is the one that is so ugly that it will stop a clock. But the democracy's tariff face is so ugly that it will stop much larger machinery than that of a clock. It will stop factories.

CAN'T FOOL THE MASSES NOW.

The New York *Recorder* calls attention to the continual meaning of the Free Trade Democrats ever the "additional burden on the people by the McKinley act." The many, they tell us, are taxed for the benefit of the few. All the necessaries of life are increased in price for the benefit of monopolies and monopolists.

Every man and woman in the country knows that the very reverse is the truth. Examine the price lists.

Does any one remember when cotton and woolen goods were as cheap as they are at present?

When could boots and shoes be bought for less money?

When could clothing of all descriptions be purchased for less than it can now?

Is not the food-purchasing power of a dollar greater to-day than at any time in a quarter of a century?

And if this be true, as it is, where is the hardship under the McKinley act? Is not employment, notwithstanding the enormous immigration, steady, and are not wages good? What people in the whole world are better fed, better clothed and better housed than the American people of to-day?

The free trade organs can't fool the masses. Moonshine maxims of government won't keep them warm, put a meal on the table or hold a roof over their heads, and they know it.

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* says: "Mr. Harrison will be his own successor upon the national Republican ticket, and if any one thinks he will prove a weak candidate he will find himself very much mistaken." Yes, and more; Mr, Harrison will be his own successor on Convention day and on Inauguration day, too

The Governor and Attorney General have decided, in a test case, that the Shell-fish Commissioners have no right to interfere with the Pamlico Oyster Company in cultivating or harvesting its crops, and that the recent law does not apply to them.

Free traders said that if we did not buy we could not sell, and that higher duties would destroy the farmer's foreign market. Here are our exports of these articles for 1890 and 1891, before and under the McKinley bill: Wheat, in 1890, $42,348,351; in 1891, $133,178,442.

The Crisp-Springer coterie in Congress are not at all *bland* when they contemplate Bland's forceful operations to get free silver coinage to a vote in the House ahead of the tariff tinkering bills.

The democratic party can only unite when in opposition, and then only in the act of grumbling. It never can unite in an act of construction.

The Democratic Boston *Herald* says that "the phenomenal Democratic majority in Congress is in danger of becoming a phenomenal fizzle,

Hon, T. R. Jernigan has retired from the Raleigh News & Observer.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* says that considering the animosity with which his sudden convention has been battered by his own party leaders and papers. Senator Hill must begin to think that, in his capacity as an Early Bird he has caught a pretty sorry sort of Worm.

The Canadian Reciprocity Commissioners have left Washington—gone home for their credentials and instructions. Our State Department courteously but politely told the gentlemen from Canada that when they had an offer so make Uncle Sam would be ready for business, and not before,

Harper's *Weekly* says it is a striking fact that the first consequence of democratic success—the monstrous outrage of Hill upon free government in the theft of the Senate of the State—did not apparently distress the Cleveland wing of the democracy.

The St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* asks: How many of the New York Democrats who are now attacking Senator Hill protested when he stole the Legislature? Is not the theft of a State Senator a greater crime than the theft of a few delegates?

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, February 20, 1892.

The legislative cowardice of the democrats of the House are in striking contrast with the honest and manly courage of the republicans in the last Congress. And the "gall" displayed by the alleged democratic leaders, when they found that they had lost control of the majority of the democratic members of the House was wonderful, not to say ludicrous. They actually tried to get the republicans of the House to promise to help them out of their dilemma, a promise it is needless to say they did not get, Early in the week it was ascertained that the free silver men had succeeded in obtaining the signatures of more than a majority of the democratic members of the House to a petition asking the committee on Rules to set a date for the consideration of the Bland free coinage bill, already on the calendar .It was plain that this petition could not be ignored, so in order to gain a little time Speaker Crisp took a day off, "by order of his physician," and Mr. Catchings, one of the other democratic members on Rules, was suddenly called to Boston "on urgent private business," and, of course the remaining democratic member of the committee on Rules could not call a meeting of that committee. It was at this time that republicans were approached with a statement that if they would promise to vote with the anti-silver democrats against the Bland bill it could be defeated by a majority of five or six, even allowing that those republicans who were committed in favor of the bill should vote for it, The republican leaders are far too smart to tell the democrats in advance what they will do when the silver bill comes up, but the chances are that they will allow the democrats to fight it out among themselves.

Many Senators believe that the investigation of the introduction of typhus fever into New York and Brooklyn by Russian-Hebrew immigrants, authorized by joint resolution of the Senate and House, will result in a report showing the necessity of making a radical change in our immigration laws.

Behring's Sea matters and Canadian reciprocity were discussed at a Cabinet meeting this week in a general way. The tardiness of the Behring's Sea commission, now in session here, in reaching a decision as to what questions are to be submitted to arbitration is far from satisfactory, and the situation is not improved by reports that the delay is intentional on the part of the British Commissioners, in order to prevent a renewal of the *modus vivendi* before the opening of the coming seal season. On Canadian reciprocity there is but one opinion. When Canada wishes to enter into an agreement that will be just and equitable to both countries, the United States is ready to meet her half way, but it is useless for her to waste time in making such a one-sided proposition as that submitted by her representatives here the other day.

Even democrats are becoming disgusted with the big democratic majority in the House that does not dare to do what it really wants to do. Representative Dungan, a democrat from Ohio, says of his party colleagues: "I am becoming convinced that this is a cowardly Congress. It is becoming very tiresome to me. It ought to get up and do what the people expect it to do, and not be afraid of its shadow." The only difference between Mr. Dungan and the unprejudiced observer of the present House, is that while he is just "becoming convinced" and "tired," the observer has been both for some time.

The President has promised to review a parade of veteran firemen on the 22d inst.

The democrats of the House this week for the second time defeated the Senate resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to charter a vessel to carry the food to the starving Russians which has been contributed by big-hearted Americans which has been lying on the Speaker's table, under a motion to consider, since it was first defeated. It matters little so far as the Russians are concerned, as private generosity has supplied a vessel, which is now almost ready to sail on its mission of mercy.

Said a veteran observer: "No wonder the democrats of the House are so anxious to start investigations of any and everything, they hope to stir up something to distract the attention of the public from their do-nothing policy."

Revenue officers are making it hot over the Blue Ridge in portions of Alleghany.

Death of Stephen D. Pool Jr

New Orleans Picayuns.

It is with pain and with extreme regret that we are called upon to record the death of Stephen D. Pool of The Times-Democrat and largely concerned in its management.

Mr. Pool was a thorough journalist, having graduated from the printer's case through the various stages of his profession until he reached and most successfully filled a post of high responsibility. Industrious, laborious and conscientious to the last degree, the work he did in building up his paper stands as a worthy monument to his fidelity and ability. He was a man of brave and generous nature, possessing at all times an admirable temper of patience and forbearance, but always firm and true to his convictions. Devoted to his duties, he gave but little time to social matters, and was wholly indifferent to any mere considerations of general popularity, but no man was more esteemd by those who knew him in business or in more intimate relations. They loved him, honored him and trusted him fully. In many of the most important essentials there was not a better journalist in this city.

Capt, J. D. Johnston.

To all whom it may concern: I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficacious qualities of the popular remedy for eruptions of the skin knowa as P P P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face, and tried various remedies to remove it, none of which accomplished the object until this valuable preparation was resorted to. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions I am now entirely cured.

J. D. JOHNSTON.

Of the firm of Johnston & Douglas, Savannah, Ga,

P. P. P. Saves Life.

SAYS WILL LIVE FOREVER.

A prominent Savannahian, formerly superintendant of a railroad, says: "I was crippled in my feet and arms so that I could not walk without my crutches nor eat without having a servant to feed me. I tried physicians everywhere, but to no purpose, and finally went to New York, where my doctors, at one time decided to amputate my arm, but found that course impracticable, on account of a wound I had received during the war. I returned to Savannah a complete wreck, and my case seemingly hopeless. As a forlorn hope I began to take P P P, and am rejoiced to say that after taking three bottles my limbs began to straighten out, my appetite and health soon returned, and I now feel like a new man; really, as if I had been made over again, and as if I could live forever—so long as I can get P P P."

This gentleman will not give his name for publication, but authorizes us to refer anybody to him for a verification of these facts, who will apply to us. Yours truly,

LIPPMAN BROS,
Wholesale Druggist, Proprietors of P P P, Savannah, Ga.

The Real McKinley Prices.

Dry Goods Chronicle.

The prophets of 1890, who frightened the trade into the idea that linen handkerchiefs would materially increase in price with the advent of the Tariff act, have largely reckoned without their host, judging by the goods which are displayed for the spring trade.

Prices do not show enough increase to cause any difference in thedemand, and the only increase especially noticeable is in the beauty of the lines now to be seen all through the market.

To attempt to describe the vast array of embroidered goods and printed novelties would require too much space in our columns, Suffice it to say that prices are right, styles are right, and terms will be made right.

Health Notes—Statistics prove that 25 per cent of the deaths in our large cities are caused by consumption, and when we reflect that this terrible disease in its earlier stage will readily yield to a bottle of Dr Bull's Cough Syrup (costing 25 cents) shall we condemn the sufferers for their negligence, or pity them for their ignorance?

There are few things any sweeter than ease after a racking pain and this is only gotton by using Salvation Oil. Price 25 cts at all dealers.

The Elizabeth City Crystal Ice Company.

The proprietors of the Elizabeth City Crystal Ice Company deserve the hearty co-operation of every citizen of the town, and especially those who have to use large quantities of ice in shipping fish and game. They have certainly given us purer ice—to say nothing of the low price for which they sell it—and to those who ship fish the prices have been reduced more than half over the prices of former years, And yet some people want still lower prices, while others prefer to patronize enterprises away from home.—*The Mercantile Gazette.*

Simmons Liver Regulater is a most excellent appetizing tonic—Sam'l S. Pentz, Chap. to B'shop of N. C.

The Trade of Elizabeth City.

No town in North Carolina, and few, if any, in the South, is more happily situated or can offer more inviting prospects to all manner of enterprises than does Elizabeth City.

There is no town in or out of the State where the merchants of the different lines of trade are more alive to the wants and needs of the people, and where goods are sold on a closer margin of profit, There was a time in our history when our merchants had to look to Norfolk and Baltimore for their stock, but quicker transportation has opened up the North and West, and the majority of them are buying direct from the manufacturers, and to-day we are competing with these two named cities in all the leading articles of trade.—*The Mercantile Gazette.*

That shortness of breath is dyspepsia. Take Simmons Liver Regulator.

Gov. Holt has offered a reward of $200 for Robert L. Askew, who is wanted for the murder of Charles Hardin, in Bertie county.

Freezing Salmon.

The freezing of salmon at the Pacific coast salmon streams has become quite a business this season, the run of fish having been so great that the canning factories could not handle all the fish offered. Never were the fish so plentiful or so cheap. But the natives soon found out a thing or two, and after the canneries ceased buying, the fish were taken to the ice factory at Whatcom, and as the Inca (so says the legend) heaped a chamber with gold to secure his liberty, so are the natives heaping high the cold storage rooms in the city with the fat and red-blooded silver salmon to secure their winter's provisions. On the platform of the long wharf at all hours of the day, during October, were huge sacks of these magnificent fish, ranging in weight from six to ten pounds. These were gutted and packed in the tin cans in which the ice is made, and then taken to the freezing room. Here they remain twenty-four hours. When taken out, the fish are as hard as a rock and frozen into bundles. They were then pitched into a wheelbarrow and taken to a cold room, where they will remain until marketed during the winter. In tossing them into a wheelbarrow very often a frozen tail or head was broken off, showing the brittleness of the fish. Many thousands of fish have been corded away, or say, twenty to thirty tons. These fish cost 1½ cents per pound, and will be sold in the East at the price of the choicest steaks, netting a handsome profit.

Charles Tyron of Bolton, Ct., known as the champion coon hunter of that section, has brought into Rockville the trophies of his season's work. He had the skins of 25 coons from which he will have an overcoat made.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES
Or you are ailing in any way, and good for nothing
it is your own fault if you do not try
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It will cure you. It gives a good appetite. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

State Treasurer Bain says that about $1,350,000 of old bonds are outstanding. Of these $36,000 are what are known as construction bonds, issued in aid of the North Carolina railway.

LIPPMAN'S
PYRAFUGE.
A SURE CURE FOR CHILLS & FEVER DUMB AGUE AND MALARIA
LIPPMAN BROS., Proprietors,
Druggists, Lippman's Block, SAVANNAH GA.

P.P.P.
CURES SCROFULA
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KAYTON'S OIL & LIFE
The Best Liniment in the World
Cures Pains in the Back, Joints Side, & also Rheumatism Neuralgia, Headache, &c
Kayton's Oil of Life is an old German Liniment, & Expels pain quickly.
LIPPMAN BROS., SAVANNAH, GA.
Sole Agents in the U. S.

ABBOTT'S EAST INDIAN CORN PAINT
Removes Corns, Bunions and Warts
Speedily and Without Pain.
LIPPMAN BROS. DRUGGISTS PROPS. SAVANNAH GA.

—FOR SALE BY—
GRIGGS & CARTWRIGHT
AND
ALEX. WADSWORTH.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A Convention of the Republicans of North Carolina is hereby called to meet in the city of Raleigh on the 14th day of April, 1892, at 12 M, for the purpose of electing four delegates and four alternates from the State at large to the National Republican Convention to be held at Minneapolis on June 7th, 1892.

Each county will be entitled to two delegates for each member of the lower House of the General Assembly.

F. T, WALSER, Sec'y — J. B. EAVES, Ch'mn

...UT!!!

...r their ills ... and substi... stuff at the ... our misery. ... Regulator ... will take it by the ... of every ... if it gives ... Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness ... Headache.

TAKE ... ONLY

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philad'a, Pa.

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA: Pasquotank County. } Office Cl'k Sup'r Co'rt

Notice of agreement for the incorporation of The Electric Light Company of Elizabeth City having been duly signed, sealed and acknowledged before me by D. B. Bradford, D. S. Kramer, Guirkin & Co, Chas. H. Robinson, J. B. Brockett, G. M. Scott, E. F. Aydlett, T. G. Skinner, Robt. R. Whitehurst, A. T. Davis, W. C. Glover, C. W. Overman, Thos. R. Mann, Moses Weisel, Sam'l A, Graham, C. E. Kramer & Bros, G. H. Toadvine, G. B. Jones, James B. Blades, Noah Burfoot, Jacob Salomonsky, J. H. White, P. W. Melick, B. F. White, Palemon John, M. N. Sawyer, A. L. Pendleton, J. Heywood Sawyer, Jno W Albertson Jr, and W. G. Underwood, and having been duly recorded in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of the county of Pasquotank in the State of North Carolina and the tax of twenty-five dollars having been duly paid.

The business to be carried on by the said Corporation shall be the purchasing, erecting and operating an Electric Light plant in or near Elizabeth City; furnishing electric power for lights and other purposes; taking and holding real estate by grant, lease or otherwise as may be necessary for operating said plant and business; to contract to furnish lights for any corporation, individual or company, to acquire a franchise for operating said business, to make such other contracts as may be necessary in operating said business; to sue and be sued in its corporate name, The place of business shall be Elizabeth City, N. C., and the length of time to run thirty years. The amount of capital stock of said company shall not be less than ten thousand dollars in shares of one hundred dollars each, and such capital stock may be increased from time to time by a two-third vote of the total number of shares to a sum not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars.

It is especially agreed and understood between the parties to these articles that no stockholder is to be liable or held responsible for the conduct of fault of the corporation in any further sum than the unpaid balance due the company on the share or shares owned by him.

The business of said corporation shall be conducted through a Board of Directors, composed of not less than seven nor more than nine of said stockholders, and the said Directors shall be elected by the stockholders annually Now, therefore, by virtue of the statute in such cases made and provided, I John P. Overman, clerk of said Superior Court do now declare that the said D. B. Bradford and others, the incorporators mentioned above, and their successors be and they are hereby made a body corporate by the name and style of "The Electric Light Company of Elizabeth City," according to the terms and for the purposes set forth in said articles of agreement and with all the powers and authority conferred upon corporations by the laws of North Carolina and to extend thirty years from the date of incorporation.

Let this order be published in a news paper published in Elizabeth City, N. C.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal this 26th day of January, 1892.

J. P. OVERMAN,
Clerk Superior Court

A GREAT SAVING FOR
FARMERS!

We are now manufacturing STEAM GROUND OYSTER SHELL MEAL which is the cheapest and best article for corn, potatoes peanuts, cabbage, tobacco etc. as the following testimonials will show:

Mr. Enoch Spates, of this county, says: "I got some of your steam gound shell meal for my cotton I put it at the rate of four hundred pounds to the acre for a test. I planted a few rows and put my best horse stable manure and muck, and a few rows with your steamed oyster shell meal, and a few rows with $28 guano. The difference was but little, I could not tell unless I knew, but the oyster shell meal opened sooner and nicer. I shall use your steamed oyster shell meal hereafter; it is as good and will last longer, and I can get nearly 3 tons for one of the Phosphate or Guano."

Mr. J, F. Whitehead, also of this county, says; "I got some of your steam ground oyster shell meal to try on my land. I planted one barrel of Irish potatoes and my neighbor, Jesse Simpson, planted one side by side, on the same kind of soil. Mr. Simpson used horse stable manure and muck, and I used steam shell meal and to my surprise I got eleven barrels more from my barrel than Mr, Simpson did. So I will give you an order for 5 tons of your steamed ground shell meal."

Mr. J. N, Winslow, of Woodville, Perquimans county, says: "I tried some of your steam ground oyster shell meal on my crops this year and I found it the best thing I used yet. You will have my order before long for next crop."

Mr. J, J Cahoon, of Tyrrell county, says: "I have tried your steam ground oyster shell meal for my cotton this year I left a space through the field where I used other fertilizers on each side I used the shell meal; where the shell was put is so much better that I will give ten dollars to any man that can't see the difference 1mile off and it is cheaper and will last longer and open early."

Mr. F, N. Hussey, of Gum Neck, says: "I have tried some of ground shell meal or lime on my corn and cotton and it proved far beyond my expectation."

PRICE ONLY $10 PER TON

We are also prepared to grind corn w the cob. Write or call on the undersigned at Elizabeth City, N, C.

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FULL WEIGHT PURE
DREW'S YEAST POWDER
Superior to all Substitutes
For raising and making Light, Digestible Biscuits, Bread, Tea Cake, Pies, Muffins, Waffles, Johnny Cake, Corn Bread, Short Cake, Pot Pies, Dumplings, Rolled Puddings and Buckwheat. ¼ pound cans 5 cents.
Sold by Country Merchants.
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Weakness, Malaria, Indigestion and Billousness, take
BROWN'S Iron BITTERS.
It cures quickly. For sale by all dealers in medicine. Get the genuine.

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FRESH FISH,

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Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
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Stencils and Stationary furnished on application.

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A LAMP FOR THE MILLION
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EVERY ONE GUARANTEED.
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Its principle, construction, material and appearance surpass anything heretofore offered the public; send for our new circular and be convinced; then buy one of your dealer or
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Genl. Beauregard says:
New Orleans, Nov. 5, 1890.
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Signed, G. T. BEAUREGARD
A Guaranteed Cure for Hard and Soft Corns, Bunions and Callosities. Price 15o.
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The directions for the treatment and care of the nails are alone worth the money.
SWEATY FEET.
For offensive perspiration of the feet and arm-pits, and itching eruptions of the feet and body, and soft corns, CREOLE PERSPIRATION POWDER is a guaranteed and harmless cure. PRICE 50c.
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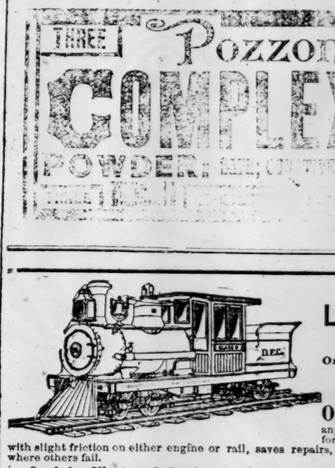

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Will relieve Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Lumbago, Sprains, Headache, Toothache, Sores, Burns, Cuts, Scalds, Backache, Wounds, &c.

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COLORED. Methodist—Rev. M. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder J. A. Faulk, Pastor.

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Commissioners: G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lister, Elliott Whitehurst, Rufus Scott, M. W. Bullkins. Sheriff, Tho's P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb. Board of Education, W. J. Griffin, B. B. Creecy jr., and N. E. Joaes. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep

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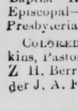
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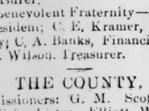
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C. A. Snow & Co.
OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE,
Washington, D C

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday. February 24. 1892.

☞The CAROLINIAN takes pride in always being *on time*. But the storm having delayed the arrival of the paper, this week's issue is one day late. The elements can't be controlled.

☞The fine weather of last week was utilized by the farmers.

☞The net fishermen are busy, and the big seines are about ready to begin.

☞The steamer Neuse resumed her regular trips to Newbern on Saturday.

☞Now is a good time to scrape fruit trees and wash them with soap suds.

☞Monday was the 160th anniversary of the birth of "our Country's Father," George Washington.

☞At the District Alliance Convention held at Plymouth on the 10th inst Mr. J. F. Brinson, of Pamlico, was elected delegate to attend the St. Louis Convention.

☞The CAROLINIAN is receiving frequent inquiries about farm lands, prices, etc, in this section. Letters addressed to Hon. C. C. Pool, Elizabeth City, N. C, will be answered, giving full information.

☞The Electric Light matter has been settled by awarding the contract to the Thompson-Huston Company, which system is said to be one of the finest in the country. Now for diligent work and early lights,

☞The CAROLINIAN holds that the farmer's smoke house ought to be on the farm and not in the packing houses of the Western cities, and that the cotton grown on North Carolina soil ought to be manufactured in North Carolina towns.

☞In another column will be found a notice of the death of Stephen D Pool Jr, taken from the New Orleans *Picayune*. Mr. Pool was an Elizabeth City boy and was well and widely known in this section. He was in his 45th year of ago.

☞The item published in some of the State papers that the tongmen are supplying our shucking and canning factories with all the oysters they can use is utterly untrue. Only two of the eleven operating here last winter are working now, the others remain closed.

☞A whole chapter would not suffice to tell how much farmers—and other people too—lose by putting off necessary work until they "have to" do it. Is is the man of forethought and forehandedness who wins, and he is the only one deserving of success.

☞A bill has been introduced in the Virginia Legislature to incorporate the Elizabeth and Pasquotank Railway Company. We see the names of R. B. Creecy, Chas. H. Robinson, Geo. M. Scott, E. F. Aydlett and J. B. Flora of this place among the corporators.

☞Intellectual requirements only are not always indicative of success in the teacher of our schools, but coupled with energy and enthusiasm they are, generally, a safe guarantee to success. There are needed more teachers who show that zeal and persistent effort that wins success in any pursuit of life,

☞The mouth'y mean temperature for the State for January, 1892, was 38 degrees, which is 3 degrees below the normal. The highest monthly mean was 45.6 at Hatteras; the lowest was 32.4 at Linville. Highest temperature observed 72 on the 13th at Norfolk; lowest 4 on the 8th at Linville,

☞Hon. J. E. Reyburn arrived here on Saturday evening and took a flying trip on his yacht to his sporting grounds on Durant's Island. He returned back to Washington yesterday. He represents the Philadelphia District of our old friend Judge Kelly and is one of the working as well as influential Members of the National Congress.

☞G. B. Thompson & Son, the leading and most successful Brick manufacturers, have purchased a tract on the Railroad north of the city limits especially adapted to their business. The name of the new concern will be The Elizabeth City Brick Works and with their long experience, aided by the latest and best machinery made, they expect to make the best brick ever sold in this section.

☞A telegram was received on Saturday announcing the very sudden death of Duncan C, Winston, of Windsor. Robust in form and the picture of health, few apparently had a fairer outlook and promise of life. His sudden demise is another enforcement of the oft repeated truth that the grim messenger, waiting to introduce us all to the mysteries of another world, is no respecter of persons, but comes in "such an hour as ye think not." We knew Mr. Winston well and esteemed him highly. He was a son-in-law of Col. Creecy, of this place.

☞Electricity is a great educator. Think what it has done to make men see things in a new light.

——Genuine Early Rose Seed Potatoes at Robinson & Co.

☞Be careful in handling young fruit trees to see that the roots are not exposed to either sun or wind.

——Robinson & Co's is the place to get Bolted Snow Flour.

☞It is a sad fact that farm labor is too often unskilled, and that is just the cause of so many failures.

——You can get Mocha and Java Coffee at Robinson & Co,

☞With rotation comes a knowledge of how to produce other crops, and hence mixed farming is practiced by the best farmers.

——Fowler & Co mean business ALL THE TIME and propose to merit your patronage.

——Try Robinson & Co's California Dessert Fruit, also nice California Honey.

☞Some one describes the fanatic as a fellow who takes a burning interest in some subject we don't care anything about.

——French Prunes, French Peas and French Soup at Robinson & Co's.

☞Let no farmer be despondent. Remember the promise, "While the earth remaineth seed time and harvest shall not fail."

☞The schooner "Annie E. Pierce" was driven ashore off Kennekeet during the storm on Monday evening. The mate was drowned and the Captain had a leg broken.

——Don't forget Fowler & Co when you want to buy a Trunk. You will feel bad over it if you do.

☞A cotemporary observes that one reason why the children thirty years ago were so much better behaved than those of to-day is that the people who tell about it were children then.

——A careful comparison is all that Fowler & Co ask of their goods and prices

☞"Mr. Speaker," said John Randolph on the floor of Congress, "I have found the philosopher's stone. It is pay as you go." Let every CAROLINIAN reader practice it this year,

——Robinson & Co. have just received a car of Yellow Seed Oats which they are now offering very low.

☞It is impossible to comply with the request of our Rocky Hock correspondent, as some of the parties who could give the information, for obvious reasons, respectfully decline to do so.

——Fowler & Co are ready for the fall trade—an immense stock.

☞On the eve of another important political campaign, both State and National, it will be every citizen's duty to be and keep posted. The CAROLINIAN will contribute its full share in this direction.

☞It is reported by a certain woman who had an irreligious husband that she kept driving at him until she finally got him to go to church. Instead of following the service he looked at the congregation and noticed how much more handsomely the other women were dressed than his wife. This fact pricked him to the heart as no words of the minister could, and the next day he gave his wife $50 and told her to go and buy some clothes. Need we enlarge on the moral of the story? We think not.

——Big shoes, little shoes, high grade shoes, low grade shoes, almost anything in the shoe line at Fowler & Co's.

LOCAL MENTION

There was a slight fall in general trade the past week.—The Crystal Ice Company are making large shipments now.—Mrs. Joe Person, of Kittrells, has been spending a few days here.—Superintendent Modlin is having the street shade trees trimmed.—Miss Irene White has been visiting friends at Hertford.—Mr. John L. Sawyer, hardware dealer on Water street, has purchased the Pailin Livery Stable lot on upper Main street on which he intends to build a handsome residence.—The largest year-old pullet we have any record of is reported by Mr. G P. Thompson on Pennsylvania Avenue After cutting off its head he weighed it and it tipped the scales at 8½ lbs. It was a Plymouth Rock. Who can beat it?—The judge charges the jury, but the lawyer charges his client.—It is reported that quite a number of "green goods" circulars have been mailed from New York to parties here. If any have been silly enough to invest they have realized that "a fool and his money have parted."—The steamer Plymouth has been hauled up on Pailen's Ways for repairs.—Those who attend to business generally get business.—

The man who doesn't feel a pride
In the progress of his native town,
Had much better far have died
Before to manhood he had grown.

—Mrs, Grundy says that a nice bit of gossip is more acceptable to many than a basket of fruit.—Ex-Senator E. E. Truesdale, of Suncook, N. H, was here on a short visit last week He is the Superintendent of the large cotton Print Mills at that city. —"The Mercantile Gazette," devoted to the Grocery and Provision trade, is the title of a neat and readable little journal just issued by J. B, Flora & Co. It evinces enterprise. —"Money talks," said the first man. "And money goes," said the second man. Whereupon the third man remarked, "Well, if money talks and money goes money is not one of those things that goes without saying".—The CAROLINIAN Job Press has been kept busy the past week—He said, "'Tis an hour since I started to go,
And still I'm no nearer departing."
She looked down to blush and remarked
"That is so,
But isn't it time you were starting?"

Can any one imagine what he was waiting for?—Mrs. Mary E. Madrin wife of the Road street Undertaker Mr. Reuben E. Madrin, died on Thursday night, aged 72 years.—There was a very enjoyable progressive euchre party at the home of Miss Ella V. John, on Sheppard street, on Friday night.—Mr. Joseph Wilkins has purchased the Andrew McHarney lot, west of Fowler's Cotton Factory. It is a valuable property.—The number of local readers of the CAROLINIAN keeps on increasing every week.—Kramer's new house on Main street attracts attention and it much admired.—Said he, "If I only dared to kiss you." Said she; "Whatever you are, don't be a coward."—The tongue is often the weapon of offense as well as defense. —It is stated as a fact that several of our gallant young townsmen have surrendered on the humblest terms to a little mite of a fellow, armed only with a bow and quiver of arrows. The attacks have been made in behalf of certain charming belles of our city who will lead them into pleasant captivity during the coming month.—The Versifier's latest is:

Woman is better than man, 'Tis right
To do her justice, without a doubt;
But when a youth stays out at night
'Tis generally a woman that keeps him out

—Several more town lots were sold during the past week, and new buildings will be put on them.—There was a masque party on Friday night at the residence of Mrs. Bell on Road street.—Mr. J. H. Harris, representing the great Fish House of Caleb Haley & Co, arrived on Thursday night and will remain some time. He is every inch a gentleman.—The schooner "Three Friends," Capt. Riggin, has arrived here with cargoes of bonded salt, consigned to Robinson & Co and J. B. Flora & Co, for the use of our Fishermen in curing fish.—Mr. T. S. White left on the "Neuse" Saturday for the Newbern Fair.—The CAROLINIAN condoles with Mr. and Mrs E. S. Willey in the loss of their little boy whose death occurred at their residence on Church street on Monday night.—Our young townsman W. W. Woodley has returned from Kinston, the place not suiting him,—Lt. W. A. Failing left on the "Alert" yesterday to investigate the wreck at Kennekeet.—Miss Clate White has been visiting friends in Perquimans.—Shad are putting in an appearance.—Dr. L. L. Sawyer and wife, of Great Bridge, Va, are visiting his brother J. L. Sawyer.—Because of the storm the steamer "Neuse" did not reach here yesterday and those of our people who had arranged to attend the Newberne Fair could not go.—The CAROLINIAN acknowledges calls from Messrs J. W. Collins and S. G. Worth, of the U. S. Fish Commission.

ICE HARVESTING.—*Frank Leslie's Illustrated Weekly* goes quite fully into the subject of harvesting the ice-crop of the Hudson river, in the issue of February 27th, devoting a full page of illustrations and a considerable reading space to it The front page is also devoted to the picture of a race between an ice-yacht on the Hudson and the Empire State Express of the New York Central Railroad, the fastest train in the world, The picture is entitled "A Mile a Minute." A page is also devoted to illustrations of the famous French Ball recently held at the Metropolitan Opera House in New York. There is the usual page of illustrations of leading foreign events and altogether this is a wonderfully attractive number of this wonderfully attractive publication. Price ten cents To be had at your newsdealers.

It is never too late to mend a sprained ankle, swollen limbs, stiff neck or any pain or ache, if you but use that sovereign remedy, Salvation Oil, the greatest cure on earth for pain. Price 25 cts.

"He is well paid that is well satisfied." This is what a happy man up-town said when he threw away his empty bottle after he had cured his cold with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the favorite.

The Washington Progress says: Mr. Abner Hudson was killed Wednesday of last week near Pactolas by a falling tree. He was in the timber business and while felling a tree it lodged and then flew back, struck him and broke his neck, death resulting instantly.

Health demands a healthy liver. Take Simmons Liver Regulator for dyspepsia and indigestion.

Governor Holt has ordered a special term of Bertie Superior Court to begin May 9th, Judge George H Brown will preside.

That pain under the shoulder blade is dyspepsia. Take Simmons Liver Regulator.

During February four new cotton factories have begun work in North Carolina, and three more are in course of construction.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Hon. Jas. H. Abell, one of the most prominent members of the bar in Johnston county, died at Smithfield suddenly Sunday at one o'clock from apoplexy of the brain.

Neuralgic Persons
And those troubled with nervousness resulting from care or overwork will be relieved by taking
Brown's Iron Bitters. Genuine
has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

CONSUMPTION CURED.
AN old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English with full directions for preparing and using. Send by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

A GOLD WATCH AND $240.
This is what every Agent receives who gets up a Club on our $1 per week plan.
Our 14 karet gold-filled cases are warranted for 20 years. Fine Elgin or Waltham movement. Stem wind and set, Ladies or Gents size. Equal to any $50 watch To secure agents where we have none, we sell one of the Hunting Case Watches for the Club price $28 and send C. O. D. by express with privilege of examination before paying for same.
Our agent at Durham, N. C., writes: "Our Jewelers have confessed they don't know how you can furnish such work for the money."
One good reliable agent wanted for each place. Write for particulars.
EMPIRE WATCH CO.,
11-4, '91. 1yr. New York.

The Elizabeth City Academy.
FOR BOTH SEXES
0——0
Prepares for business or college. Special course for Teachers. Unexcelled advantages in Music.
THE LARGEST PRIVATE SCHOOL IN EASTERN CAROLINA.
A full corps of teachers and a large, commodious building,
Board and tuition for term of 38 weeks cost from $115 to $125. Music and Art extra.
The Fall session opens
Monday, September 21st, 1891.
Send for Catalogue. Address
S. L. SHEEP, Principal,
Elizabeth City, N.C.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

J. Heywood Sawyer, vs. Hugh Cale, } In Superior Court.

Pursuant to an execution issued from the office Superior Court Clerk in the above entitled cause, I have this day levied upon the following real estate situated in Elizabeth City, N. C., to-wit:

1st. One lot on Cale street, bounded on the north by Selim Sutton's lot, on the east by Cale street, on the south by a vacant lot and on the west by lot given to Hugh Cale in his homestead.

2d. Vacant lot on Cale street. Bounded on north by lot above described, east by Cale street, south by lot belonging to May Whitcomb and west by lot belonging to Hugh Cale.

3d. Also a piece of land near Elizabeth City. Bounded on north by lots or land belonging to J. Heywood Sawyer, Mills Leigh and others, on the east by Pear Tree road, on the south by lands belonging to Alex, Wadsworth and Sam'l Haley and on the west by lands belonging to Geo. W. Williams and B. B. Tatem. Same containing five acres, more or less.

I will sell all the interest of said Cale in the above described property on Monday the 7th day of March, 1892, to satisfy said execution.

Jan. 2, '92 T. P. WILCOX,
Sheriff Pasquotank Co.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as Administrator of the late B. B. Balance thereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

Jan. 27, '92. C. C. POOL, Adm'r

FAVORITE SINGER!
Warranted for Five Years.
LOW ARM ONLY $20

HIGH ARM $25.00.
OUR FAVORITE SINGER
Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Slides, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers
Sent on trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commissions. **Get New Machines.** Address for Circulars and Testimonials,
Co-Operative Sewing Machine Company,
269 S. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

GOLD FREE. FREE.
UNIQUE NEW Gold Solid Watch Worth $100.00. Ice $. watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper Warranted heavy. SOLID GOLD hunting cases Both ladies' and gent's sizes, with works and cases of equal value. One PERSON in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household samples. These articles, as well as the watch, are free. All the work you need do is to show what you have to those who call—your friends and neighbors and those about you—that always results in valuable trade for us, which holds for years when once started, and thus we are repaid. We pay all express, freight, etc. After you know all of you would like to go to work for us, you can earn from $200 to $500 per week and upwards. Address, Stinson & Co., Box 819, Portland, Maine.

—TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk and Southern R. R.
Schedule in Effect June 1st, 1891.
Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays,) leave Elizabeth City at 11.35 A. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M., Northbound, daily except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2.35 P. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9.00 A. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western Depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer Lines, and at Edenton with Steamers for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong Rivers. Transfer Steamer to Mackey's Ferry, then by N. & S. R. R. to Roper, Pantego and Belle Haven: connecting with steamer Haven Belle for Bay River, South Creek, &c.
Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal Points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH
FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.
The new and elegant Steamer NEUSE leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M, for Newberne, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c, and with the R. & D. R. R. train for Raleigh, Greensboro, &c. Returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.
Tickets on sale on board Steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Morehead City,
Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.
Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route
Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern R. R., Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street Station; Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station, New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North river.
For further information apply to T. Selby Harney, Agent Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Norfolk, Va,
M. K. KING, General Manager. H. G. HUDGINS, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt

Norfolk and North Carolina CANAL COMPANY.
S. W. GARY, Superintendant.
The Norfolk & North Carolina Canal will admit sharp built vessels drawing five feet water; lighter-built vessels four feet.
The Locks will admit vessels 96 feet and 16½ breadth of beam.
Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binder, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to the satisfaction to the Canal authorities.
Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from the Office at Norfolk.
Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

Hotels.
New Albemarle House,
C. W. Grice & Bro, Props
Corner Main and Road Sts,
Elizabeth City, N C.
First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights. Free Bus.
TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 Per Day.

HOTEL MERRIAM.
WATER STREET,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.
J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL.
HERTFORD, N. C.
Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.
Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel
Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests, Table well supplied, Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON, N. C.
This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public,
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired
Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers
Terms Reasonable.
J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

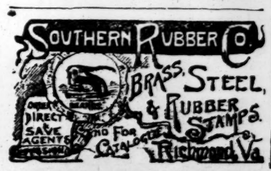
The undersigned have entered into partnership to carry on the UNDERTAKER'S Business at this place as the successors of the late John H. Ziegler, and at the old stand. In accordance with the wish of the said deceased, expressed in his last will and testament, the business will be conducted in the name of "JOHN H. ZIEGLER" as heretofore.

We will endeavor to serve the public in our line of business upon the same principles of fairness and honesty as were always observed and acted upon by our honored predecessor

☞A full supply of Metalic Coses, Cloth Covered and Wooden Caskets kept on hand

March 6, 1889.

CHRISTINA ZIEGLER,
FRED H. ZIEGLER.


SOUTHERN RUBBER CO.
BRASS, STEEL, & RUBBER STAMPS.
SAVE AGENTS
Richmond, Va.

JOHNNIE
Will they go? Well, I should say so! You could not hold the bargains with a two-inch rope. Should you make a visit to our store and
- GET YOUR -
eyes on the wonderful bargains there offered you will without delay pull —not a
- - GUN - -
but your pocket book and go home loaded down with the purest and best goods the market affords. Call and see how it works.

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Crockery, Tin-ware, Queensware, Paints, Oil, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Cement, &c &c

ROBINSON & CO.
Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, N. C.

ELIZABETH CITY CRYSTAL ICE COMPANY,
Flora & Brockett, Proprietors.
PURE ICE IN 200 POUND BLOCKS AT Wholesale and Retail,
Cheaper and better than river or pond ice.
Nothing equal to it for the household
Or for Fish Oysters, &c.
Quotations cheerfully given. Special prices for fifty or more tons.
ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

J. B. FLORA. JAS. G MORRISETTE.
J. B. FLORA & CO.
AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } TOBACCO AND SNUFF AT FACTORY PRICES
That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months, Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continues to increase.
Here's Food for Thought
in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have families to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for twenty years and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy to be best served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pay you
To Examine Our Stock of
Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery Paints, Oils, Lead Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandler Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.
Quotations Cheerfully Given. Lowest Prices Guaranteed.
New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C

—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND SHOES.
Ever shown in Elizabeth City are now open for your examination at
FOWLER & CO'S
WITH PRICES TO PLEASE BOTH AT
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

NOTICE THIS!
And after you read this advertisement call at my store and examine my stock of
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and HATS.
&c., &c, and if you see my goods
you will be sure to make a purchase that will please you and make you a customer ever afterwards. Call and look at my stock.
R. SALOMONSKY
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.
☞Oh my! Have you seen the new Mather Fastening Kid Gloves? No buttons! No hooks! and so convenient. Every pair warranted. They are for sale by Salamonsky.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE
Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,
Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.
Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.
THE BEST PEOPLE
are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them, Once one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.
All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods, in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality.
MOSES WEISEL.
WATER ST, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Furniture, Wares and Stationery.
☞I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of
Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery, Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glass-ware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.
Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES! Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low,
——If You Want to Save Money Call and See Me.——
P W MELICK,
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

Acute Hearing of Horses.

It is well known that horses can hear deep sounds which men cannot. For days previous to the earthquake in the Riviera of Italy the horses there showed every symptom of abject fear, which continued without any change of character till the fury of the convulsion broke forth. But not till a few seconds before the earth began to quake did human beings hear any sounds, while it is extremely probable that the horses heard the subterranean noises for two or three days previously.—Chicago Times.

Expert testimony in a suit of heirs against executors for money spent in booming auction sales of real estate, brought out the fact, alleges the Witness, that New York real estate dealers consider free excursion tickets, a brass band, and free luncheon necessary adjuncts for a successful sale. In the case in question it cost $3118 to sell real estate to the value of $4900.

Mrs. W. R. Francis

Is the wife of one of the best known pharmacists in New Haven, doing business at 141 Dixwell Avenue, and ex-President of the Connecticut Pharmaceutical Association. He says: "My wife was for several years in bad health, due to a complication of disorders. Friends persuaded her to take Hood's Sarsaparilla; she took 6 or 8 bottles and is certainly a great deal better since, in every way."

Mrs. Martha Reed, of 1835 Ramsey Street, Baltimore, Md., voluntarily says:

"For over 2 years I suffered with a

Complication of Diseases

till the summer found me a confirmed invalid, blood poor, appetite gone, bowels out of order, and I was **miserable in mind and body.** I read of such wonderful cures performed by Hood's Sarsaparilla that, at last, I thought I would try a bottle, as, if it didn't make me better, it could not make me worse. It did make me better, and on my third bottle I found myself almost

A New Woman

"I will gladly convince any lady, as I have proved to myself, that purifying and enriching the blood, which Hood's Sarsaparilla does to perfection, is the best **Constitutional Treatment,** and, in many cases, does away with all **Local Treatment** in the many diseases with which women are afflicted."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is especially adapted for ladies, and will cure difficulties peculiar to the sex.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

DR. KILMER'S

SWAMP-ROOT

Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure.

Rheumatism,

Lumbago, pain in joints or back, brick dust in urine, frequent calls, irritation, inflamation, gravel, ulceration or catarrh of bladder.

Disordered Liver,

Impaired digestion, gout, billious-headache, **SWAMP-ROOT** cures kidney difficulties, *La Grippe*, urinary trouble, bright's disease.

Impure Blood,

Scrofula, malaria, gen'l weakness or debility.

Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund to you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, $1.00 Size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" free. Consultation free.

DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

RADWAY'S PILLS

The Great Liver and Stomach Remedy

For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles and all derangements of the internal viscera. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

PERFECT DIGESTION Will be accomplished by taking one of RADWAY'S Pills every morning, about ten o'clock, as a dinner pill. It so does.

SICK HEADACHE

Dyspepsia, Foul Stomach, Biliousness, will be avoided and the food that is eaten contributes its nourishing properties for the support of the natural waste of the body.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from Disease of the Digestive Organs: Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering of the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of **RADWAY'S PILLS** will free the system of all the above named disorders.

Price 25 cts. per box. Sold by all druggists.

Send a letter stamp to DR. RADWAY & CO., No. 32 Warren street, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent to you.

TO THE PUBLIC—Be sure and ask for RADWAY'S and see that the name "RADWAY" is on what you buy.

The loss of flesh is a trifle. You think you need not mind it.

But, if you go on losing for some time or lose a good deal in a short time, you are running down. Is that a trifle?

Get back to your healthy weight and generally you get back to health.

A book on CAREFUL LIVING will tell you what it is to get there, and when Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil is useful. Free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 132 South 5th Avenue, New York.

Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil—all druggists everywhere do. $1. 27

Ely's Cream Balm

QUICKLY CURES

COLD IN HEAD

PRICE 50 CENTS.

Apply Balm into each nostril.

ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAY FEVER ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c

KANSAS FARMS and Mortgages are all right. Big crops and good prices. Farms for sale at bargains. List free. CHAS. R. WOOLLEY, Osborne, Kan.

PATENTS W. T. Fitzgerald, Washington, D. C. 40-page book free.

AGENTS make 100 per ct. and win $748 CASH PRIZES on my coraste, belts, brushes and medicines. Sample free. Territory. Dr. Scripture, 372 B'way, N. Y.

NEWS FROM ABROAD.

Late Foreign Happenings as Told by the Cable.

The French Cabinet Resigns Because of an Adverse Vote.

All the members of the French Ministry have tendered their resignations to President Carnot.

The cause of this was the action of the Chamber of Deputies in connection with the bill dealing with associations. M. Hubbard demanded urgency for the bill as a reply to the attitude of the French Bishops. M. de Cassagnac described the bill as an iniquitous measure.

Premier de Freycinet denied that the measure was intended as an act of precaution of the Church, or that it need be regarded as a precursor of the separation of Church and State. He warmly commended the conciliatory spirit of the Pope, who, he said, often gave evidence of sympathetic sentiments toward France. He continued: "We shall doubtless be called upon some day to treat with the Vatican on the religious question. A portion of the clergy may possibly refuse to enter upon the path pointed out to them, but universal suffrage will judge between the two policies."

In conclusion, M. de Freycinet gave his assent to the demand for the urgency, though he said that would not give the measure the significance that M. Hubbard desired.

An excited discussion ensued on M. Hubbard's motion. Finally M. de Freycinet again demanded that an order of the day be moved, indicating the views of the Chamber on the subject. In accordance with the Premier's demand, Boisserin moved that the Government be requested to continue its republican policy. M. de Freycinet accepted the motion and intimated that he considered it a Cabinet question.

The vote of the Chamber being taken, M. Boisserin's motion was rejected by 304 to 202. The Ministers, recognizing their defeat, immediately left the House in a body. The Chamber then rejected the urgency motion by a vote of 285 to 246.

The Bark Tamerlane Wrecked.

The bark Tamerlane, which was wrecked off the the Rocks of Puna, Hawaii, a few mornings ago, cleared from San Francisco with a crew of thirty-six men. The voyage down was satisfactory, but it appears that the vessel lost her reckoning, the officers thinking her at the time of the wreck to be near Kalakeakua Bay, almost two degrees to the westward. No breakers were sighted when the vessel struck and the sudden shock threw the crew into great confusion. Only two small boats were available, and one of them, when lowered, floated away, before it secured an occupant. Captain Howland, the first mate of the boat, the carpenter, the cook and two others entered the second boat, but the ship was rolling heavily and it was stove in and the occupants were washed away. Those of the crew who remained on the bark were picked off by the waves one by one until the vessel broke up. Eighteen men, including Third Officer Pardee, managed to reach the shore with the aid of a plank. The others, seventeen in all, were all drowned.

The Tamerlane was built in Wiscassette, Me. She had 1115 barrels of oil aboard when lost.

Snow Storms in Europe.

A cablegram from Paris, France, says: The weather is colder than at any time during the present winter. The sufferings of the poor and destitute are intense. The snow encumbers the streets and causes a suspension of traffic. The tramways have ceased operations, and nearly all the omnibuses have stopped running.

Central France and Germany are covered with snow to a depth that has brought railway traffic to a stand. Southwest of this city five trains are buried in the drifts near Chatres.

Railway communication with Mannheim, Augsburg, Metz and other eastern centres is stopped, trains being either stalled on the way or afraid to start out.

In Switzerland travel is altogether suspended. The snowfalls have been very heavy, and with the slightest indications of a thaw the usual routes will be dangerous from avalanches.

More Trouble in Brazil.

A dispatch from Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, states that advices have been received there from Fortaleza, Capital of the State of Ceara, that disturbances have broken out in that State, and that the people of the capital have driven the Governor from the city.

Ceara is one of the Northern States of Brazil, and has a population which is estimated at over 700,000. The State abounds in medicinal plants, balsams, gums, resins and fruits, and among its minerals are gold, iron, copper and salt. The trade statistics of the State show that a very extensive commerce is carried on.

Five Heroes Perish.

Five men lost their lives at Lille, France, in a gallant attempt to rescue a person supposed to be within the walls of a burning building. When the whole building was wrapped in flames a report was circulated that one unfortunate person had failed to escape, and the five men bravely entered the building and began to feel their way through the blinding smoke and flame. They had been in the building only a few seconds when the walls fell with a terrible crash, and the five heroes were buried beneath a huge pile of burning debris.

Smallpox in Bombay.

Smallpox has been prevalent at Bombay, India, for some little time, and has now become epidemic. During one week there were twenty-three deaths from the disease.

THE LABOR WORLD.

THE Bank of England employs 1100.

THE Typographical Union is worth $7000.

THERE are 4500 women printers in England.

LAST year was a successful one among the fruit growers of Colorado.

ANDERSON, Ind., is to have an aluminium factory, employing 1000 hands.

MASSACHUSETTS Knights of Labor recently held a State Convention.

THE Journeymen Brewers' National Union has fifty unions and 4700 members.

AN agency is to be established in St. Paul, Minn., to secure work for released convicts.

THIRTY-TWO THOUSAND people in Thuringia, Saxony, are employed in making toys.

THE New York Typographical Union is to establish a school to teach type-setting by machines.

THE London (England) tailors have asked the County Council to fix the same rate for women's work as for men's.

THE coal industry of the United States furnishes employment to 300,000 persons, to whom $110,000,000 is paid annually in wages.

IN Great Britain, the total sum paid in wages for the year 1890 amounted to $215,000,000, or an average of $382.50 per capita for the total number employed.

THE miners of the Clearfield region of Pennsylvania have demanded an advance in wages for mining "low coal." The operators say that they will refuse the advance and close the mines.

THE official organ of the mill owners in Germany insists that the eight hour work-day is a necessity for horses, as no horse can work more than eight within twenty-four hours without injury to its health.

THE Trades Council of Glasgow, Scotland, has petitioned the Town Council of that city to establish municipal workshops for the purpose of making all clothing needed for the inmates of public institutions, and uniforms for the police and other officials.

THE average daily output of glass bowls amounts to about 46,300 gross. Germany, Belgium and Austria-Hungary turn out about 37,000 gross, or about four-fifths of the product of the world. France so small an output as 109 gross. Britain turns out about 6900 gross daily. Of the other producing countries Sweden makes the highest with 1516 gross daily.

THE Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers has now about 30,000 members and 485 lodges; the Firemen's Brotherhood has 25,000 members and 475 lodges; the Order of Railway Conductors counts 19,400 members in 320 divisions, and the Trainmen's Brotherhood has 20,000 members in 420 lodges. Counting the switchmen, the carmen, the telegraphers and track-foremen, the total number of organized railroad employes will reach over 200,000.

ARTIFICIAL flower-makers in Paris, France, earn from fifty to seventy-five cents a day, but there is a long slack season. Fan-makers, in some instances, in Paris, earn as much as $1 per day; and a good dressmaker, working by the day in private houses, earns about the same, if she does not have meals. But seamstresses (dressmakers or white-workers) earn from forty cents down to twenty-five cents a day, and there is a season of least two months in which there is no work at all.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

CHARLES I. RATHBOURNE shot and killed Daniel Cheeseboro, whom he found talking with Mrs. Rathbourne in his house near Stonington, Conn.

THE taking of the census on which legislative reapportionment will be based was begun by one enumerator in each election district of New York State.

A TRAIN struck a buggy at Paper Mill Crossing, Mass. The buggy contained John Westgate and his son, both of whom were killed. The name of the men was within a stone's throw of where they were mangled.

JAMES HANNON, leader of one of the Democratic factions at Tarrytown, N. Y., was shot dead by Chief of Police Hackett at the Democratic primary. Hannon attempted to strike the Chief with a club.

AN Italian who had arrived at New York a few days before on the Massilia died at Carbon, Penn., of what was thought to be typhus fever.

DAVID DUNHAM WITHERS, the acknowledged head of the American turf, and known among horsemen as the "Sage of Brookdale," died in New York City, where he was born on January 22, 1822.

THE Department of Superintendence of the National Educational Association closed its twenty-eighth annual convention in Brooklyn, N. Y.

South and West.

A. A. OLIVE, of Red Bluff, Ark., shot and killed his stepdaughter, who interfered while he was beating his wife.

WALTER AUSTIN, colored, was lynched near Arcadia, Fla., for the murder of Bert Hard, a white man, foreman of the Moorehead Phosphate Works.

SHERIFF THOMAS B. BLACK, of Franklin County, Mo., is $ 000 short in his accounts.

THE fire at the State Lunatic Asylum, Jackson, Miss., destroyed two-thirds of the main building. The loss is about $250,000. J. D. Brown, a recaptured lunatic in revenge set the institution on fire. He perished in the flames.

ELIJAH HOFFMAN, aged sixty-five, living near Red Oak, Iowa, was attacked by eight wolves late at night. He escaped by stabbing one, the others turned upon the wounded wolf.

THE sawmill boiler of Jacob Kisling, about ten miles from Lima, Ohio, exploded, killing Mr. Kisling, his son Frank, and John Schiverdocker, an employe. The men were blown into fragments.

THE marriage of John Sanford, a member of Congress from the Twentieth District of New York, to Miss Ethel Sanford, third daughter of the late General Henry S. Sanford, formerly United States Minister to Belgium, took place at Sanford, Fla. The ceremony was performed by Bishop Whipple, of Minnesota.

THE Warmoth faction of the Republican party, of Louisiana, met at convention in New Orleans, and nominated a State ticket headed by John C. Breaux, for Governor.

FIRE broke out in the drygoods store of A. Schiarz & Sons, at New Orleans, La., and before the flames were extinguished more than $1,000,000 damage had been done.

A SMALL boat, containing Captain Gault and four seamen of the schooner Oscar and Hattie, was capsized at Nestucca, Oregon, and all hands were drowned. The party was in search of several deserters.

THE city of Detroit, Mich., has voted to present the new Government cruiser Detroit a handsome silver punch bowl and tray to cost $3500.

THE People's party in convention at Alexandria, La., placed a full State ticket in the field, nominating for Governor G. W. Bruce, of Rapids. There are now in the field in Louisiana two Democratic, two Republican and one People's party ticket.

Washington.

THE President made the following nominations: Robert E. Bowne, of New York, to be Assistant Appraiser of Merchandise of the Port of New York. Samuel H. Byers, Iowa, to be Consul-General of the United States at St. Gall. Harrie R. Newberry, of Michigan, to be Secretary of the Legation at Constantinople. Francis Macnutt, of the District of Columbia, to be Secretary of the Legation at Madrid.

PRESIDENT and Mrs. Harrison entertained the United States Supreme Court at dinner in the White House.

THE Navy Department has authorized the use of the United States steamer Kearsarge to convey Minister Durham from Port au Prince, Hayti, to San Domingo.

THE President sent to Congress a message calling attention to the Choctaw and Chickasaw claims for the payment of which Congress appropriated $2,991,459 in the Indian Appropriation bill passed by the last Congress. He speaks of corrupt contracts between the Choctaws and Chickasaws and their agents.

MR. VON HOLLEBEN, the newly appointed Minister from Germany, arrived at Washington. He was met at the depot by the Charge d'Affaires and two lieutenants and escorted to his hotel. He then called at the State Department in company with Mr. Von Muumm, Charge d'Affaires, and had an interview with Secretary Blaine.

THE marriage in Europe of Miss Mary Fuller, daughter of Chief Justice Fuller, to Collin C. Manning, of South Carolina, at one time the private secretary of Senator Butler, has just been announced at Washington. Miss Fuller until recently was studying music in Berlin.

THE Secretary of the Treasury has awarded a gold life-saving medal to Harry T. Thompson, of New York, for having saved the lives of ten persons at different times between the years 1882 and 1886, and a silver life-saving medal to Reuben Held, of New York, for rescuing a boy named James Morse from drowning at Marion, Mass., last summer.

Foreign.

MOUNT VESUVIUS, in Italy, is again in a state of eruption. A stream of lava issues from the base of the great cone and flows into the Atrio del Cavallo.

THERE were heavy snowstorms throughout the United Kingdom of Great Britain and in France; traffic was seriously impeded. A fishing boat foundered off Newcastle, County Down, Ireland, and five of her crew were drowned.

PLOTS to kill General Cante and President Montt, of Chile, have been discovered and thwarted.

TYPHUS and black smallpox epidemics are spreading across the frontier of Austria-Hungary into Galicia.

SEVEN Arabs who has sought shelter in a grotto at Kouba, near Algiers, were killed by the collapsing of the roof of the grotto.

WILLIAM RHODES, ex-Minister of Agriculture for Canada, is dead. J. Sverdrup, ex-Prime Minister of Norway, is dead. He was at the head of the Cabinet from 1884 to 1891.

E. P. DEACON, an American visitor at Cannes, France, shot dead his wife's paramour.

MRS. CHIPPENA, of Winnipeg, Manitoba, the largest woman in the world, has died. She was forty-six years old and six feet high, weighing 750 pounds.

A FAMILY WIPED OUT.

Scarlet Fever Takes Husband and Five Children.

Six members of the family of James Broad, a slate manufacturer, who lives in New Jersey, near the Pennsylvania line, died within ten days of malignant scarlet fever. The only member of the family left is the wife and mother.

Her boy Philip died first. He was seven years old. A little son three years old died the next day. The elder son, James, Jr., aged thirteen, died the day following, and the elder daughter, Anna, aged sixteen, died next.

Then the husband and father, James Broad, died, and next day the remaining daughter, Ida, aged fourteen.

This series of deaths under one roof created intense excitement in the vicinity of Belvidere, N. J., and stringent measures were adopted to prevent the spread of the terrible disease.

FOUR MINERS KILLED,

Crushed to Death by the Roof Timbers Giving Away.

Timbers in the roof of the Arnold ore mine at Ferona, N. Y., gave away a few mornings ago while the full force of men was at work.

The following men were killed outright: Conrad Dewey, single man; William Nolan, aged forty-five, married and father of a large family; Henry Patnow, aged forty-nine, married.

The following were severely wounded: Patrick Dowd, who subsequently died of his injuries, leaving a wife and family; Thomas Russell, who was badly cut on the head; Alexander Dupleas and Antonie Lamarke.

THOUSANDS of cattle and horses have starved to death in Southern Idaho and thousands of others are starving owing to the snow, which covers the scant feed.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

Important Late Dispatches, Hot From the Wires.

Injured American Sailors Demand $1,305,000 of the Chileans.

F. Alleyne Orr, an attorney of San Francisco, has sent to the State Department at Washington the claims of the sailors of the cruiser Baltimore who were crippled or otherwise injured by the Chileans at Valparaiso. The claims are accompanied by affidavits which rehearse the stories told by the sailors at their examination at Mare Island. They amount to the total of $1,305,000. John Hamilton leads the list with a demand for $150,000 for stab wounds in the buttock and right groin. He was frequently stabbed by the police, and claims that there is still a portion of a broken dagger in his body. Jeremiah Anderson, coalheaver, also wants $150,000 for two wounds in the back, and a bayonet wound in the lung. John McBride, and William Lacey claim $100,000 each for bad wounds. Three others demand $75,000 each, and others sums ranging from $60,000 to $30,000.

Mr. Orr explains the enormous sums demanded by these men. He says: "Suppose the Chileans give Mr. Blaine a lump sum of $2,000,000. Then these wounded sailors will come in for something handsome, and we don't want the coin to go back to Chile. There is no use of false modesty when you make a claim on any Government."

Thunder Storms to Order.

Professor Elihu Thomson, the Lynn (Mass.) electrician, claims to have discovered the knack of making lightning.

The invention is at present of more scientific than practical interest, although there will be plenty of practical uses for it eventually. The Professor has succeeded by very simple means in securing extremely high potential discharges. In an arc electric lamp the carbons are perhaps three-eighths of an inch apart, and in a search-light a little further. The flame when they are separated acts as a conductor. In Prof. Thomson's new machine, however, the distance is eight inches, and no flame can leap so far. The result is that torrents of sparks are thrown off without interruption, and with reports like the rattle of a Gatling gun or a case of crackers. The strength of the discharge seems to be limited only by the size of the machine. It has been suggested to the Professor that he form a partnership with Dryenforth, and that the firm furnish thunder storms to order.

Death of a Famous Shaker.

Elder Harvey L. Eades, the head of the Shaker Church at South Union, Ky., died a few days ago of old age. He was in his eighty-seventh year. The burial took place in the Shaker burying ground at that place. Elder Eades was the oldest Shaker in Kentucky, and one of the best known. He was reared from childhood to manhood at South Union, and his early life was passed with the founders of the society, fighting for existence during the war of 1812. He witnessed the exodus from Busro Prairie to escape the knives and tomahawks of the Indians. The people were sheltered and cared for at South Union until the battle of Tippecanoe, when most of them returned to their Indian homes. Harvey Eades rose in the society from a day laborer to the eldership. He published an elaborate exposition of Shaker theology, which has been widely read. For a while he lived at Union Village, Ohio, but afterward returned to South Union.

Torn to Pieces by Wild Dogs.

The wild dogs which have invaded the northwest corner of Kansas from Colorado, have become peculiarly fierce since the recent heavy fall of snow. They have attacked human beings before, but actual death from their attacks were never authenticated until John J. Pratt and his young child were run down by a pack and torn to pieces about a mile from their home near Leonard, Sherman County.

Pratt and the girl started to drive out home about 6 o'clock, but never reached there until their mutilated remains were carried in next morning. The overturned wagon, dead and mangled horses, and the bodies of dogs killed by bullets from Pratt's revolver told the story of the chase and the futile fight for life.

Jealousy Causes Murder and Suicide.

A newsboy, when delivering an evening newspaper at the house of John Molloy at Toledo, Ohio, looked through the window and discovered two bodies lying on the floor. He informed the police, and investigation revealed that a murder and suicide had been committed. Molloy and his wife were found dead on the floor, which was covered with blood. The woman had a bullet wound behind her right ear and Molloy had one in the right temple and another below the ear. They had been dead twenty-four hours. Though seventy-two years of age, Molloy had been so jealous of his wife, also aged seventy-two, that he made her life unbearable.

A Wolf Drive in Kansas.

The wolf drive, after being in preparation for two months, took place near Girard, Kan. At 9 o'clock in the morning about 4000 men surrounded a section of country measuring ten miles square. With 900 man on each side of the square there were 100 to the mile, or one man to about every fifty feet. The firing of a cannon was the signal for the final closing in. The wolves were not to be killed until they were rounded up in the centre. The chase began at 1 o'clock, and as a result twenty-two wolves were killed. At 5 o'clock the forces left the field feeling jubilant over their success.

Horse Flesh in Demand in Paris.

The rise in the price of beef and mutton, caused by the new tariff, has led to an enormous demand for horse flesh in Paris, France. According to a report of the Police Prefecture, the horses, asses and mules now slaughtered represent over one-third of the whole quantity of meat consumed. Fillet of horse or donkey is retailed at twenty cents a pound, steak at fourteen cents a pound and inferior parts at four cents a pound. Worn-out animals are rising in value, and are being bought up everywhere within a radius of 300 miles of Paris.

Lost Eight of Her Crew.

The Norwegian bark Margarether Padang, bound to New York, put into Cape Town, South Africa, with her crew prostrated by malarial fever, of which the second mate and seven men died on the voyage.

FLOODED AMBER MINES.

Six Miners Drowned by the Unusual Tides in the Baltic.

A dispatch received from Konigsburg, East Prussia, reports a peculiar and fatal accident near that place. The Government of Konigsburg is bounded on the north by the Baltic, and along the shores of this sea is obtained a large proportion of the world's supply of amber. This substance is there partly cast up by the sea, partly obtained by means of nets and partly dug out of a bed of bituminous wood.

A few nights ago an exceedingly heavy sea was running in the Baltic and the high waves swept far inland past their usual bounds. Close to the shore near Palmnicken, a small fishing town, is an amber mine in which a number of men were working. They of course had no knowledge of the fact that the rising tide was bringing the heavy seas in dangerous proximity to the entrance of the mine. Suddenly the water began to pour into the mine in a perfect torrent, filling the small workings. The men made a wild rush to escape, but six of them found it impossible to breast the torrent and were drowned.

SQUAW MEN ORGANIZE.

A Society by the Indians, for the Indians, With the Indians.

The Indians at Pine Ridge Agency, in South Dakota, have organized a society called the "Progressive Ogallalas," to enlighten the members and teach them the ways of the whites. Indians, half breeds and squaw men compose the organization. The Indians have recently received their annual supply of blankets and boots, and are feeling amiable. The ghost dance song is very popular among them now, and they say they can sing if they cannot dance.

A DOUBLE KILLING.

A Boy Kills Two Men for Assaulting His Brother.

News comes from Butler County, Ala., of a double killing near Monterey, twenty miles west of Summerville. Tom Trawesk, a sixteen-year-old white boy, shot and killed two colored men named Bill Thomas and Jim Jackson. One of the men had assaulted Trawesk's four-year-old brother with a shovel. He came to the defence and was also attacked, when he opened fire with a double-barrel shotgun, killing both assailants.

A PRICE UPON HIS HEAD.

Career of Catrino E. Garza, Leader of the Mexican Revolutionists.

CATRINO E. GARZA.

Senor Garza, who is attracting considerable attention from the Government of Mexico and the United States troops stationed in Texas, through his efforts to create a revolution against the Government of President Diaz, and to recruit his small band from among the Mexicans on both sides of the Rio Grande, is a man of more than ordinarily interesting personality. Born in Matamoras, Mexico, he began life there in a printing office. From here he removed to Brownsville, Texas, where he attended the public schools. Later he went to the University of Mexico, and after his graduation from that institution, entered the Mexican army, from which he was dismissed for gross misconduct, and was compelled to flee the country to escape further punishment. He is reputed to be a desperate man, and has been involved in several quarrels which ended in assassinations, the most notable of which was the killing of General Martinez, at Laredo.

Garza is about forty years old, and speaks English well. He was at one time connected with the Mexican Consulate at St. Louis, Mo., and is fully as much at home on the Texas side of the Rio Grande as he is on the Mexican soil. About six months ago he gathered a little band of political refugees and discontents about him and began his revolutionary operations, which the Mexican officials assert had only robbery and pillage for their object. The Mexican Government offered a heavy reward for Garza's capture, and also had in its possession a list of names of prominent persons who are said to be active sympathizers of his movement.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

8 BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, 1891, choice	$2 05	@	$2 20
Medium, 1891, choice	1 77½	@	1 80
Pea, 1891, choice	1 77½	@	1 80
White kidney, 1891, choice	—	@	2 50
Red kidney, 1891, choice	2 00	@	2 10
Black turtle soup, 1891	3 00	@	3 10
Yellow eye, 1891, choice	1 70	@	1 75
Lima, Cal., per bush	1 70	@	1 80
Foreign, medium, 1891	1 60	@	1 70
Green peas, 1891, per bush	1 27½	@	1 30
1891, bags	1 22½	@	—
1891, Scotch	—	@	1 17½
BUTTER.			
Creamery—State, fall, tubs	20	@	27
Penn, extras	30	@	30½
Elgin, extras	—	@	31
Other West, extras	29½	@	30
State dairy—half firkin tubs, fall ends, extras	25	@	—
H. f. tubs and pails, 1sts	22	@	23
H. f. tubs and pails, 2ds	19	@	21
Welsh tubs, extras	26	@	27
Welsh tubs, 1sts	23	@	24
Welsh tubs, 2ds	20	@	22
Tubs, thirds	—	@	18
Western—Im. creamery, 1sts	23	@	25
Im. creamery, 2ds	20	@	22
Im. creamery, 3ds	18	@	—
Factory—Fresh, extras	23	@	—
Fresh, 1sts	20	@	21
Fresh, 2ds	17	@	18
Fourths to 3ds, per lb	16	@	17
Rolls—Fresh, extras	21	@	—
Fresh, 2ds to 1sts	17	@	20
CHEESE.			
State factory—Full cream, fall, fancy	12	@	12½
Full cream, fall, line	—	@	11
Full cr. good to prime	11	@	11½
Common to fair	9⅝	@	10¾
Part skims, choice	10	@	10¾
Part skims, good to prime	8½	@	9¾
Part skims, com. to fair	6	@	8
Full skims	3	@	5
Pennsylvania—Skims	3	@	3¼
EGGS.			
State and Penn—Fresh	—	@	27
Western — Fresh, fancy	26½	@	27
Fresh, fair to good	23	@	—
Southern—Fresh, per doz	26	@	26¼
Western—Ice house	15	@	20
Limed, per doz	20	@	21¾
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples—King, per bbl	2 00	@	2 50
Spitzenberg, per bbl	2 00	@	3 50
Baldwin, per d. h. bbl	1 75	@	2 12
Greenings, per d. h. bbl	1 50	@	1 75
Grapes—Western N. Y., Catawba, 5 lb basket	12	@	16
Western N. Y., Concord	10	@	12
HOPS.			
State—1891, choice, per lb	—	@	25
1891, prime	23	@	24
1891, common to good	19	@	22
1890, choice, per lb	18	@	19
1890, common to prime	13	@	17
Old olds	7	@	9
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls—Jersey, State, Penn	—	@	13
Western, per lb	12½	@	13
Chickens, Western	11½	@	12
Local, medium to prime	11½	@	12½
Roosters, old, per lb	—	@	8
Turkeys, per lb	11	@	12
Ducks—N. J., N. Y., Penn., per pair	80	@	1 00
Western, per pair	75	@	90
Geese, Western, per pair	1 25	@	1 62
Pigeons, per pair	40	@	45
DRESSED POULTRY—DRY PACKED.			
Turkeys—Jersey and Md., lb	14	@	15
State and Penn., per lb	12	@	14
Chickens—Phila., per lb	14	@	20
Jersey, per lb	13	@	14
State and Penn., per lb	12	@	13
Fowls—State and Penn., lb	12	@	13
Western, per lb	12	@	13
Ducks—Jersey, per lb	16	@	18
State and Penn., per lb	14	@	16
Geese, Jersey and Md., fancy	11	@	13
Squab—White, per doz	4 00	@	4 25
Dark, per doz	2 50	@	3 00
POTATOES AND VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes—Jersey, bulk, bbl	75	@	1 25
State Rose and Hebron, per 180 lb	1 25	@	1 37
State, other kinds, 180 lb	—	@	1 25
L. I., in bulk, per bbl	1 62	@	1 75
Sweet potatoes, Jersey, bbl	1 50	@	2 75
Cabbage, L. I. per 100	2 00	@	5 00
Onions—Connecticut, red, bbl	2 00	@	2 25
Orange County, red, bbl	1 50	@	2 00
Orange County, yellow	1 50	@	2 25
Eastern, yellow, per bbl	2 12	@	2 25
Eastern, white, per bbl	5 00	@	7 00
Squash—L. I., marrow, bbl	50	@	75
L. I., Hubbard, per bbl	75	@	1 00
Turnips, Canada, per bbl	60	@	75
Celery—Mich., per doz. roots	15	@	30
Long Island and Jersey, dozen bunches	1 00	@	2 00
String beans, Fla., per crate	2 00	@	3 50
Lettuce, Southern, per bbl	1 50	@	5 00
Tomatoes, Fla., per bush crate	1 00	@	1 50
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves	3 00	@	5 50
Milch Cows, com. to good	30 00	@	45 00
Calves, common to prime	2 80	@	9 25
Sheep	4 00	@	6 50
Lambs	6 12½	@	7 50
Hogs—Live	5 00	@	5 40
Dressed	6	@	7½
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—City Mill Extra	4 90	@	5 10
Patents	5 10	@	5 25
Wheat—No. 2 Red	1 07⅛	@	1 09⅝
Rye—State	—	@	—
Barley—Two-rowed State	62	@	64
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	48	@	51
Oats—No. 1 White	—	@	39½
Mixed Western	36	@	37½
Hay—Good to Choice	70	@	80
Straw—Long Rye	—	@	65
Lard—City Steam	06.45	@	06.50

FURS AND SKINS.

	Eastern & Northwestern		Southern & Southwestern.		
Black bear	$25 00	@35 00	$8 00	@$15 00	
Cubs and y'rlings	5 00	@15 00	4 00	@ 10 00	
Otter, each	7 00	@10 00	5 00	@ 7 00	
Beaver, large	6 00	@ 7 00	5 00	@ 6 00	
Beaver, medium	3 50	@ 4 50	2 50	@ 3 50	
Beaver, small	1 50	@ 2 00	1 00	@ 1 50	
Mink, dark, fine	1 50	@ 2 50		@	
Mink, brown	60	@ 1 00	40	@ 65	
Red fox	1 50	@ 1 70	1 20	@ 1 40	
Gray fox	80	@ 1 00	50	@ 70	
Raccoon, each	53	@ 83	30	@ 50	
Skunk, black	1 00	@ 1 10	80	@ 90	
Skunk half strp'd	65	@ 75	45	@ 55	
Skunk, striped	30	@ 40	25	@ 30	
Skunk, white	15	@ 18	12	@ 15	
Opossum, large	25	@ 35	20	@ 25	
Opossum, med	11	@ 13	9	@ 10	
Muskrat, spring	15	@ 17	13	@ 14	
Muskrat, winter	10	@ 12	9	@ 10	
Muskrat, fall	8	@ 10	7	@ 8	

The Heaviest Metal Known.

The metal tungsten hitherto has had no use in the arts, and has been merely one of the curiosities of mineralogy. But recently it has been discovered to have some very useful properties one of which is that when added to steel it imparts an extraordinary elasticity to it, and on that account is now being used in the manufacture of heavy artillery. It is a curious fact that some of the most surprising discoveries now being made are connected with warlike purposes, and not in the arts of peace, unless we may look upon the preparations of war as necessary to secure the peace of the world, and thus properly and usefully advance the practice of the useful arts. This metal is one of the heaviest known, having a specific gravity of 18.60, gold having a gravity of 19.26. It has been a very scarce metal, probably because of the want of any practical use for it, but now it is being searched for it is being discovered where it was not expected. It has hitherto been found mostly in Sweden and in the States of Connecticut and Maine. But recently large deposits of it have been found in New Zealand. It is found in combination with lime, iron, and lead, and this ore has been called wolfram. As it